

FINAL NEET(UG)–2022 EXAMINATION

(Held On Sunday 17th JULY, 2022)

PHYSICS SECTION-A

1. Two hollow conducting spheres of radii R_1 and R_2 ($R_1 \gg R_2$) have equal charges. The potential would be :

- (1) more on smaller sphere
- (2) equal on both the spheres
- (3) dependent on the material property of the sphere
- (4) more on bigger sphere

Ans. (1)

Sol. $V = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \cdot \frac{Q}{R}$

$$\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = \text{constant}$$

$Q = \text{same (Given)}$

$$\therefore V \propto \frac{1}{R}$$

$\therefore$ Potential is more on smaller sphere.

2. The angular speed on a fly wheel moving with uniform angular acceleration changes from 1200 rpm to 3120 rpm in 16 seconds. The angular acceleration in rad/s^2 is :

- (1) 4π
- (2) 12π
- (3) 104π
- (4) 2π

Ans. (1)

Sol. $\omega = \omega_0 + \alpha t$

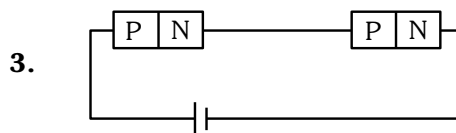
$$\alpha = \frac{\omega - \omega_0}{t}$$

$$= \frac{(3120 - 1200)}{16} \text{ rpm}$$

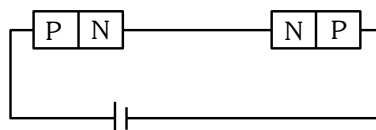
$$= \frac{1920}{16} \times \frac{2\pi}{60} \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$= 4\pi \text{ rad/s}^2$$

TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER & SOLUTIONS



(a)



(b)



(c)

In the given circuits (a), (b) and (c), the potential drop across the two p-n junctions are equal in :

- (1) Circuit (b) only
- (2) Circuit (c) only
- (3) Both circuits (a) and (c)
- (4) Circuit (a) only

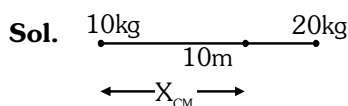
Ans. (3)

Sol. In (a) & (c) circuits, both the junctions are in same biasing conditions so offers equal resistances. Since both are in series, therefore equal potential will drop across the junction.

4. Two objects of mass 10 kg and 20 kg respectively are connected to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 10 m with negligible mass. The distance of the center of mass of the system from the 10 kg mass is :

- (1) $\frac{20}{3}$ m
- (2) 10 m
- (3) 5 m
- (4) $\frac{10}{3}$ m

Ans. (1)



$$X_{CM} = \frac{20 \times 10}{20 + 10} = \frac{20}{3} \text{ m}$$



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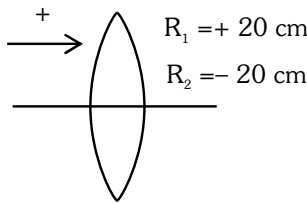
5. A biconvex lens has radii of curvature, 20 cm each. if the refractive index of the material of the lens is 1.5, the power of the lens is :-
 (1) +20 D (2) +5D
 (3) infinity (4) +2D

Ans. (2)

Sol. $R_1 = R_2 = 20 \text{ cm} = 0.2 \text{ m}$

$$\mu = \frac{3}{2}$$

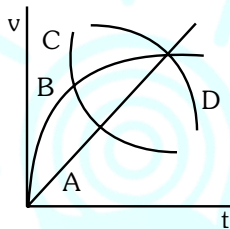
$$P = \frac{1}{f} = (\mu - 1) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2} \right)$$



$$P = \left(\frac{3}{2} - 1 \right) \left(\frac{1}{0.2} + \frac{1}{0.2} \right)$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{0.2} \right) = \frac{10}{2} = +5D$$

6. A spherical ball is dropped in a long column of a highly viscous liquid. The curve in the graph shown, which represents the speed of the ball (v) as a function of time (t) is :



- (1) B (2) C
 (3) D (4) A

Ans. (1)

Sol. Initially speed is zero, then increases & after some time it becomes constant.

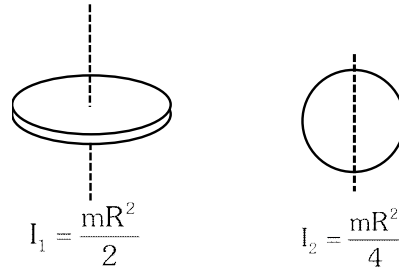
Acceleration (slope of v/t curve) of ball first decreases and after some time it becomes zero.

7. The ratio of the radius of gyration of a thin uniform disc about an axis passing through its centre and normal to its plane to the radius of gyration of the disc about its diameter is :

- (1) $\sqrt{2} : 1$ (2) 4 : 1
 (3) 1 : $\sqrt{2}$ (4) 2 : 1

Ans. (1)

Sol.



$$k = \sqrt{\frac{I}{m}}$$

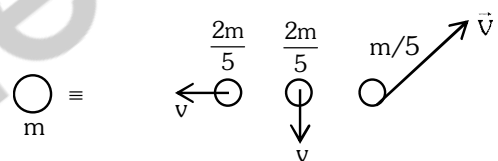
$$\Rightarrow \frac{k_1}{k_2} = \sqrt{\frac{I_1}{I_2}} = \sqrt{\frac{mR^2/2}{mR^2/4}} = \sqrt{2} : 1$$

8. A shell of mass m is at rest initially. It explodes into three fragments having mass in the ratio 2 : 2 : 1. If the fragments having equal mass fly off along mutually perpendicular directions with speed v , the speed of the third (lighter) fragment is

- (1) $\sqrt{2} v$ (2) $2\sqrt{2} v$
 (3) $3\sqrt{2} v$ (4) v

Ans. (2)

Sol.



By conservation of momentum :

$$m(0) = \frac{2m}{5}(-v\hat{i}) + \frac{2m}{5}(-v\hat{j}) + \frac{m}{5}\vec{v}'$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{v}' = 2v\hat{i} + 2v\hat{j}$$

$$\Rightarrow v' = \sqrt{(2v)^2 + (2v)^2}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{2} v$$

9. A long solenoid of radius 1 mm has 100 turns per mm. If 1A current flows in the solenoid, the magnetic field strength at the centre of the solenoid is

- (1) $12.56 \times 10^{-2} \text{ T}$
 (2) $12.56 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
 (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
 (4) $6.28 \times 10^{-2} \text{ T}$

Ans. (1)

Sol. $B = \mu_0 n i = \mu_0 \frac{N}{\ell} i$

$$\therefore B = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \times \frac{100}{10^{-3}} \times 1 = 12.56 \times 10^{-2} \text{ T}$$

- 10.** Let T_1 and T_2 be the energy of an electron in the first and second excited states of hydrogen atom, respectively. According to the Bohr's model of an atom, the ratio $T_1 : T_2$ is :

- (1) 4 : 1 (2) 4 : 9
(3) 9 : 4 (4) 1 : 4

Ans. (3)

Sol. First excited state $\Rightarrow n = 2$

$$T_1 = -13.6 \frac{z^2}{n^2} = -\frac{13.6}{4} \text{ eV}$$

Second excited state $\Rightarrow n = 3$

$$T_2 = -13.6 \frac{z^2}{n^2} = -\frac{13.6}{9} \text{ eV}$$

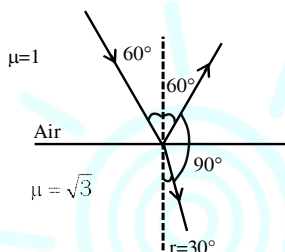
$$T_1 : T_2 = \frac{1}{4} : \frac{1}{9} = 9 : 4$$

- 11.** A light ray falls on a glass surface of refractive index $\sqrt{3}$, at an angle 60° . The angle between the refracted and reflected rays would be :

- (1) 60°
(2) 90°
(3) 120°
(4) 30°

Ans. (2)

Sol.



Method (i)

By Snell's law

$$1 \sin 60^\circ = \sqrt{3} \sin r$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \sqrt{3} \sin r$$

$$\sin r = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$r = 30^\circ$$

Angle between refracted and reflected ray is 90°

Method (ii)

Because angle of incidence is Brewster's angle so that angle between reflected and refracted ray is 90°

$$\tan i_p = \mu = \sqrt{3}$$

$$i_p = 60^\circ = i$$

- 12.** If a soap bubble expands, the pressure inside the bubble :

- (1) increases
(2) remains the same
(3) is equal to the atmospheric pressure
(4) decreases

Ans. (4)

$$\text{Sol. } P = P_0 + \frac{4T}{R}$$

$\Rightarrow R$ increases and P decreases

- 13.** Plane angle and solid angle have :

- (1) Dimensions but no units
(2) No units and no dimensions
(3) Both units and dimensions
(4) Units but no dimensions

Ans. (4)

Sol. Plane angle and solid angle are dimensionless but have units.

- 14.** When light propagates through a material medium of relative permittivity ϵ_r and relative permeability μ_r , the velocity of light, v is given by : (c -velocity of light in vacuum)

$$(1) v = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_r}{\epsilon_r}} \quad (2) v = \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_r}{\mu_r}}$$

$$(3) v = \frac{c}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r \mu_r}} \quad (4) v = c$$

Ans. (3)

$$\text{Sol. } n = \sqrt{\epsilon_r \mu_r}$$

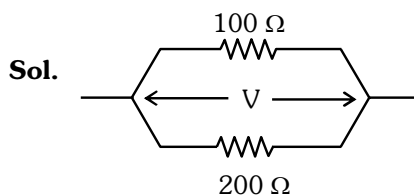
$$n = \frac{c}{v} \Rightarrow v = \frac{c}{n}$$

$$v = \left(\frac{c}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r \mu_r}} \right)$$

- 15.** Two resistors of resistance, 100Ω and 200Ω are connected in parallel in an electrical circuit. The ratio of the thermal energy developed in 100Ω to that in 200Ω in a given time is :

- (1) 2 : 1 (2) 1 : 4
(3) 4 : 1 (4) 1 : 2

Ans. (1)



Sol.

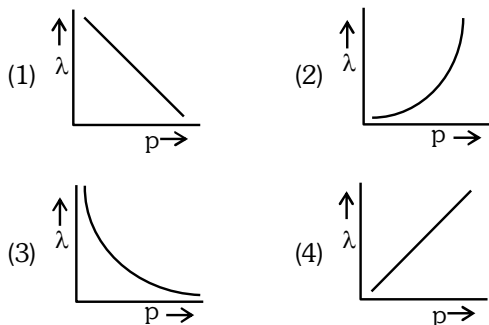
As both resistors are in parallel combination so potential drop (V) across both are same.

$$P = \frac{V^2}{R} \Rightarrow P \propto \frac{1}{R}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} = \frac{200}{100} = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$= 2 : 1$$

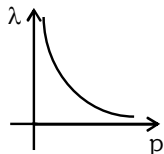
- 16.** The graph which shows the variation of the de Broglie wavelength (λ) of a particle and its associated momentum (p) is :



Ans. (3)

Sol. $\lambda = \frac{h}{p}$

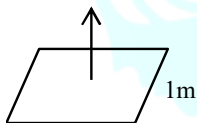
Graph will be hyperbolic



- 17.** A square loop of side 1 m and resistance 1Ω is placed in a magnetic field of 0.5 T. If the plane of loop is perpendicular to the direction of magnetic field, the magnetic flux through the loop is :
- 0.5 weber
 - 1 weber
 - Zero weber
 - 2 weber

Ans. (1)

Sol. $B = 0.5 \text{ T}$



Angle between $\vec{B}$ & $\vec{A}$ is zero

$$\begin{aligned}\phi &= B.A. \cos 0 \\ &= 0.5 \times (1) \times 1 \\ &= 0.5 \text{ Wb}\end{aligned}$$

- 18.** The dimensions $[MLT^{-2} A^{-2}]$ belong to the :
- self inductance
 - magnetic permeability
 - electric permittivity
 - magnetic flux

Ans. (2)

Sol. $[MLT^{-2} A^{-2}] = \text{Magnetic permeability}$

- 19.** When two monochromatic lights of frequency, ν and $\frac{\nu}{2}$ are incident on a photoelectric metal, their

stopping potential becomes $\frac{V_s}{2}$ and V_s respectively.

The threshold frequency for this metal is:

- 3ν
- $\frac{2}{3}\nu$
- $\frac{3}{2}\nu$
- 2ν

Ans. Bonus

Sol. Using the equation

$$eV = h\nu - \phi$$

$$\text{or } eV = h\nu - h\nu_{Th}$$

$$\frac{eV_s}{2} = \frac{h\nu}{2} - h\nu_{Th} \quad \dots(1)$$

$$eV_s = h\nu - h\nu_{Th} \quad \dots(2)$$

Data Incorrect

- 20.** In half wave rectification, if the input frequency is 60 Hz, then the output frequency would be :

- 30 Hz
- 60 Hz
- 120 Hz
- Zero

Ans. (2)

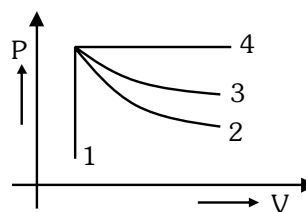
Sol. In half wave rectification

$$f_{in} = f_{out}$$

$$\Rightarrow f_{out} = 60 \text{ Hz}$$

- 21.** An ideal gas undergoes four different processes

from the same initial state as shown in the figure below . Those processes are adiabatic, isothermal, isobaric and isochoric. The curve which represents the adiabatic process among 1,2,3 and 4 is :



- 2
- 3
- 4
- 1

Ans. (1)

Sol. 1 : Isochoric
2 : Adiabatic
3 : Isothermal
4 : Isobaric

22. Match List – I with List –II

	List –I (Electromagnetic waves)		List-II (Wavelength)
(a)	AM radio waves	(i)	10^{-10} m
(b)	Microwaves	(ii)	10^2 m
(c)	Infrared radiations	(iii)	10^{-2} m
(d)	X-rays	(iv)	10^{-4} m

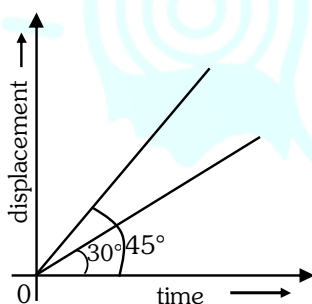
Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- (1) (a) – (iii), (b) – (ii), (c) – (i), (d) – (iv)
 (2) (a) – (iii), (b) – (iv), (c) – (ii), (d) – (i)
 (3) (a) – (ii), (b) – (iii), (c) – (iv), (d) – (i)
 (4) (a) – (iv), (b) – (iii), (c) – (ii), (d) – (i)

Ans. (3)

- Sol.** (a) Radio wave (ii) $\approx 10^2$ m (ii)
 (b) Microwave $\approx$ (iii) 10^{-2} m (iii)
 (c) Infrared radiations $\approx$ (iv) 10^{-4} m (iv)
 (d) X-ray (i) $\approx \text{\AA} = 10^{-10}$ m (i)
 (a) – (ii), (b) – (iii), (c) – (iv), (d) – (i)

23. The displacement-time graphs of two moving particles make angles of 30° and 45° with the x-axis as shown in the figure. The ratio of their respective velocity is :



- (1) 1 : 1 (2) 1 : 2
 (3) 1 : $\sqrt{3}$ (4) $\sqrt{3}$: 1

Ans. (3)

Sol. Velocity is slope of x-t graph

$$V = \frac{dx}{dt} = \tan \theta$$

$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{\tan \theta_1}{\tan \theta_2} = \frac{\tan 30^\circ}{\tan 45^\circ} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

24. In a Young's double slit experiment, a student observes 8 fringes in a certain segment of screen when a monochromatic light of 600 nm wavelength is used. If the wavelength of light is changed to 400 nm, then the number of fringes he would observe in the same region of the screen is :

- (1) 8 (2) 9
 (3) 12 (4) 6

Ans. (3)

Sol. $y = (n\lambda) \left(\frac{D}{d} \right)$

$$n_1 \lambda_1 = n_2 \lambda_2$$

$$(8) (600 \text{ nm}) = n_2 (400)$$

$$n_2 = 12$$

25. The peak voltage of the ac source is equal to:

- (1) the rms value of the ac source
 (2) $\sqrt{2}$ times the rms value of the ac source
 (3) $1/\sqrt{2}$ time the rms value of the ac source
 (4) the value of voltage supplied to the circuit.

Ans. (2)

Sol. Peak voltage is $\sqrt{2}$ times rms voltages in ac.

26. If the initial tension on a stretched string is doubled, then the ratio of the initial and final speeds of a transverse wave along the string is:

- (1) $\sqrt{2} : 1$ (2) $1 : \sqrt{2}$
 (3) 1:2 (4) 1:1

Ans. (2)

Sol. $v \propto \sqrt{\text{Tension}}$

$$\frac{v_i}{v_f} = \sqrt{\frac{T_i}{T_f}}$$

$$\frac{v_i}{v_f} = \sqrt{\frac{T}{2T}}$$

$$\frac{v_i}{v_f} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

27. Given below are two statements:

Statement I :

Biot-Savart's law gives us the expression for the magnetic field strength of an infinitesimal current element (Idl) of a current carrying conductor only.

Statement II :

Biot-Savart's law is analogous to Coulomb's inverse square law of charge q , with the former being related to the field produced by a scalar source, Idl while the latter being produced by a vector source, q .

In light of above statement choose the most **appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (2) Statement I is correct and Statement II is incorrect
- (3) Statement I is incorrect and Statement II is correct
- (4) Both statement I and Statement II are correct

Ans. (2)

Sol.
$$dB = \frac{\mu_0 (Id \vec{\ell} \times \vec{r})}{4\pi r^3}$$

As per Biot Savart law, the expression for magnetic field depends on current carrying element $Id\vec{\ell}$, which is a vector quantity, therefore, statement-I is correct and statement-II is wrong.

28. As the temperature increase, the electrical resistance :

- (1) decreases for both conductors and semiconductors
- (2) increases for conductors but decreases for semiconductors
- (3) decreases for conductors but increase for semiconductors
- (4) increases for both conductors and semiconductors.

Ans. (2)

Sol. For conductors α is (+)ve

For semiconductors & Insulators α is (-)ve

29. The energy that will be ideally radiated by a 100 kW transmitter in 1 hour is :

- (1) 36×10^4 J
- (2) 36×10^5 J
- (3) 1×10^5 J
- (4) 36×10^7 J

Ans. (4)

Sol. $E = P \times t = 100 \times 10^3 \times 3600$
 $= 36 \times 10^7$ J

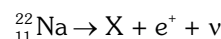
30. A body of mass 60 g experiences a gravitational force of 3.0 N, when placed at a particular point. The magnitude of the gravitational field intensity at that point is:

- (1) 50 N/kg
- (2) 20 N/kg
- (3) 180 N/kg
- (4) 0.05 N/kg

Ans. (1)

Sol. $I_g = \frac{F}{m}$
 $= \frac{3}{60 \times 10^{-3}} = 50$ N/kg

31. In the given nuclear reaction, the element X is:

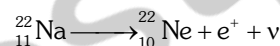


- (1) ${}_{10}^{23}\text{Ne}$
- (2) ${}_{10}^{22}\text{Ne}$
- (3) ${}_{12}^{22}\text{Mg}$
- (4) ${}_{11}^{23}\text{Na}$

Ans. (2)



This is β^+ - decay



32. The angle between the electric lines of force and the equipotential surface is:

- (1) 45°
- (2) 90°
- (3) 180°
- (4) 0°

Ans. (2)

Sol. Electric field is always perpendicular to EPS.

33. A copper wire of length 10 m and radius $(10^{-2} / \pi)$ m has electrical resistance of 10 Ω . The current density in the wire for an electric field strength of 10 (V/m) is:

- (1) 10^5 A/m²
- (2) 10^5 A/m²
- (3) 10^5 A/m²
- (4) 10^4 A/m²

Ans. (3)

Sol. Radius of wire $= \frac{10^{-2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$

Cross sectional area $A = \pi r^2 = 10^{-4}$ m²

$$j = \frac{i}{A} = \left(\frac{V}{R} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{A} = \frac{E\ell}{RA} \quad R = \frac{\rho\ell}{A}$$

$$j = \frac{10 \times 10}{10 \times 10^{-4}} = 10^5 \text{ A/m}^2$$

or

$$J = \sigma E \Rightarrow \frac{E}{\rho} = \frac{E\ell}{RA} = \frac{10 \times 10 \times \pi}{10 \times 10^{-4} \times \pi}$$

$$\Rightarrow 10^5 \text{ A/m}^2$$

34. The ratio of the distances travelled by a freely falling body in the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th second :

- (1) 1 : 4 : 9 : 16 (2) 1 : 3 : 5 : 7
(3) 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 (4) 1 : 2 : 3 : 4

Ans. (2)

Sol. $S_{nth} = u + \frac{a}{2}(2n - 1)$

$$= 0 + \frac{a}{2}(2n - 1)$$

$$S_{nth} \propto (2n - 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{1st}, S_{2nd}, S_{3rd}, S_{4th}$$

$$= [2(1) - 1] : [2(2) - 1] : [2(3) - 1] : [2(4) - 1]$$

$$= 1 : 3 : 5 : 7$$

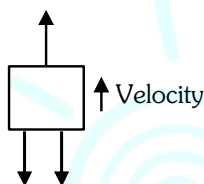
35. An electric lift with a maximum load of 2000 kg (lift + passengers) is moving up with a constant speed of 1.5 ms⁻¹. The frictional force opposing the motion is 3000 N. The minimum power delivered by the motor to the lift in watts is: ($g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$)

- (1) 20000 (2) 34500
(3) 23500 (4) 23000

Ans. (2)

Sol. Constant velocity $\Rightarrow a = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow T &= W + f \\ &= 20000 + 3000 \\ &= 23000 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \text{Power} &= Tv \\ &= 23000 \times 1.5 \\ &= 34500 \text{ watts} \end{aligned}$$

SECTION-B

36. The volume occupied by the molecules contained in 4.5 kg water at STP, if the intermolecular forces vanish away is:

- (1) $5.6 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^3$
(2) $5.6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$
(3) 5.6 m^3
(4) $5.6 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^3$

Ans. (3)

Sol. $V = (\text{no. of moles}) (22.4 \text{ litre})$

$$= \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{molar mass}} (22.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3)$$

$$= \frac{4.5 \times 10^3}{18} \times 22.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

$$= 5.6 \text{ m}^3$$

37. The area of a rectangular field (in m²) of length 55.3 m and breadth 25 m after rounding off the value for correct significant digits is :

- (1) 1382 (2) 1382.5
(3) 14×10^2 (4) 138×10^1

Ans. (3)

Sol. Area = Length $\times$ Breadth

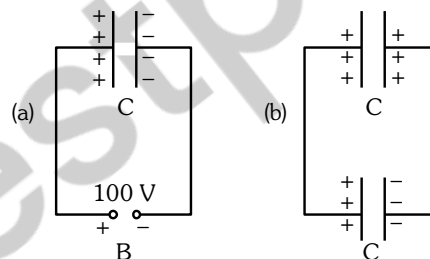
$$= 55.3 \times 25$$

$$= 1382.5$$

$$= 14 \times 10^2$$

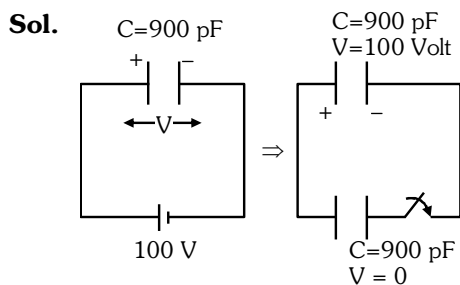
Resultant should have 2 significant figures.

38. A capacitor of capacitance $C = 900 \text{ pF}$ is charged fully by 100 V battery B as shown in figure (a). Then it is disconnected from the battery and connected to another uncharged capacitor of capacitance $C = 900 \text{ pF}$ as shown in figure (b). The electrostatic energy stored by the system (b) is:



- (1) $3.25 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$ (2) $2.25 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$
(3) $1.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$ (4) $4.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$

Ans. (2)



Common potential

$$V_c = \frac{C_1 V_1 + C_2 V_2}{C_1 + C_2}$$

$$= \frac{C \times 100 + C \times 0}{C + C}$$

$$= 50 \text{ Volt}$$

Electrostatic energy stored

$$= 2 \times \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = CV^2$$

$$= 900 \times 10^{-12} \times 50 \times 50$$

$$= 225 \times 10^{-8} \text{ J}$$

$$= 2.25 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}$$

39. Match **List - I** with **List - II** :

List - I		List - II	
(a)	Gravitational constant (G)	(i)	$[L^2T^{-2}]$
(b)	Gravitational potential energy	(ii)	$[M^{-1}L^3T^{-2}]$
(c)	Gravitational potential	(iii)	$[LT^{-2}]$
(d)	Gravitational intensity	(iv)	$[ML^2T^{-2}]$

Choose the **correct answer** from the options

given below :

(1) (a)–(ii), (b)–(iv), (c)–(i), (d)– (iii)

(2) (a)–(ii), (b)–(iv), (c)–(iii), (d)– (i)

(3) (a)–(iv), (b)–(ii), (c)–(i), (d)– (iii)

(4) (a)–(ii), (b)–(i), (c)–(iv), (d)– (iii)

Ans. (1)

Sol. Gravitational constant = $[M^{-1}L^3T^{-2}]$

Gravitational potential energy = $[ML^2T^{-2}]$

Gravitational potential = $[L^2T^{-2}]$

Gravitational intensity = $[LT^{-2}]$

40. Two pendulums of length 121 cm and 100 cm start vibrating in phase. At some instant, the two are at their mean position in the same phase. The minimum number of vibrations of the shorter pendulum after which the two are again in phase at the mean position is :

(1) 9 (2) 10

(3) 8 (4) 11

Ans. (4)

Sol. $(n)T_c = (n + 1)T_s$

$$(n)2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1.21}{g}} = (n + 1)2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1}{g}}$$

$$(n)(1.1) = (n + 1)$$

$$0.1(n) = 1$$

$$n = 10$$

No. of oscillation of smaller one

$$= n + 1$$

$$= 10 + 1$$

$$= 11$$

41. Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R).

Assertion (A):

The stretching of a spring is determined by the shear modulus of the material of the spring.

Reason (R):

A coil spring of copper has more tensile strength than a steel spring of same dimensions.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

(1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

(2) (A) is true but (R) is false

(3) (A) is false but (R) is true

(4) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

Ans. (2)

Sol. In stretching of a spring shape changes therefore shear modulus is used.

$$Y_{\text{copper}} < Y_{\text{steel}}$$

42. A ball is projected with a velocity, 10 ms^{-1} , at an angle of 60° with the vertical direction. Its speed at the highest point of its trajectory will be:

(1) $5\sqrt{3}\text{ms}^{-1}$

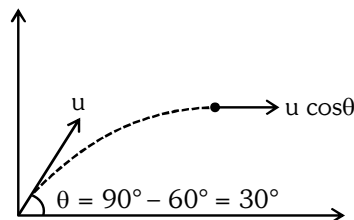
(2) 5 ms^{-1}

(3) 10 ms^{-1}

(4) Zero

Ans. (1)

Sol. At highest point only horizontal component of velocity remains $\Rightarrow u_x = u \cos\theta$



$$u_x = u \cos\theta = 10\cos 30^\circ$$

$$= 5\sqrt{3}\text{ms}^{-1}$$

43. Two transparent media A and B are separated by a plane boundary. The speed of light in those media are $1.5 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ and $2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$, respectively. The critical angle for a ray of light for these two media is:

(1) $\sin^{-1}(0.750)$

(2) $\tan^{-1}(0.500)$

(3) $\tan^{-1}(0.750)$

(4) $\sin^{-1}(0.500)$

Ans. (1)

$$\text{Sol. } \mu = \frac{C}{u} \Rightarrow u \propto \frac{1}{\mu}$$

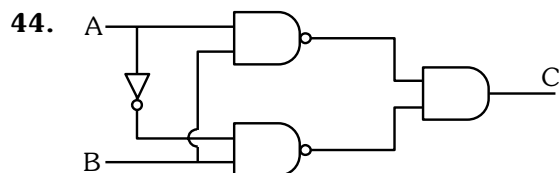
Critical angle

$$\sin i_c = \frac{\mu_R}{\mu_D} = \frac{u_D}{u_R} = \frac{1.5}{2} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$i_c = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$\sin i_c = \frac{\mu_R}{\mu_D} = \frac{u_D}{u_R}$$

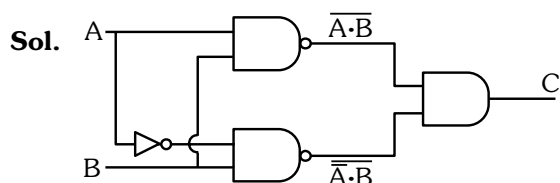
$$i_c = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$$



The truth table for the given logic circuit is :

A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0

Ans. (2)



$$C = \overline{A \cdot B} \cdot \overline{A \cdot B}$$

using De-Morgan Theorem

$$C = \overline{A \cdot B} + \overline{A \cdot B}$$

$$C = \overline{B(A + A)} = \overline{B}$$

Therefore

A	B	C
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	0

45. A series LCR circuit with inductance 10 H, capacitance 10 μ F, resistance 50 Ω is connected to an ac source of voltage, $V = 200 \sin(100 t)$ volt. If the resonant frequency of the LCR circuit is ν_0 and the frequency of the ac source is ν , then

(1) $\nu_0 = \nu = \frac{50}{\pi}$ Hz

(2) $\nu_0 = \frac{50}{\pi}$ Hz, $\nu = 50$ Hz

(3) $\nu = 100$ Hz ; $\nu_0 = \frac{100}{\pi}$ Hz

(4) $\nu_0 = \nu = 50$ Hz

Ans. (1)

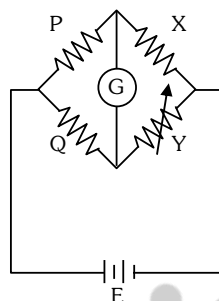
Sol. $\omega = 100$

$$\nu = \frac{\omega}{2\pi} = \frac{100}{2\pi} = \frac{50}{\pi} \text{ Hz}$$

Resonance frequency

$$\begin{aligned} \nu_0 &= \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{10 \times 10 \times 10^{-6}}} \\ &= \frac{50}{\pi} \text{ Hz} \end{aligned}$$

46. A wheatstone bridge is used to determine the value of unknown resistance X by adjusting the variable resistance Y as shown in the figure. For the most precise measurement of X, the resistances P and Q :



- (1) should be approximately equal and are small
 (2) should be very large and unequal
 (3) do not play any significant role
 (4) should be approximately equal to 2X

Ans. (1)

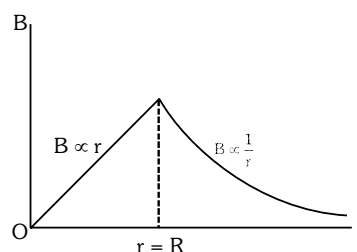
Sol. Resistance of P & Q should be approx. equal as it decreases error in experiment.

47. From Ampere's circuital law for a long straight wire of circular cross-section carrying a steady current, the variation of magnetic field in the inside and outside region of the wire is:

- (1) a linearly increasing function of distance upto the boundary of the wire and then linearly decreasing for the outside region.
 (2) a linearly increasing function of distance r upto the boundary of the wire and then decreasing one with $1/r$ dependence for the outside region.
 (3) a linearly decreasing function of distance upto the boundary of the wire and then a linearly increasing one for the outside region.
 (4) uniform and remains constant for both the regions.

Ans. (2)

Sol.



- 48.** A big circular coil of 1000 turns and average radius 10 m is rotating about its horizontal diameter at 2 rad s^{-1} . If the vertical component of earth's magnetic field at that place is $2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$ and electrical resistance of the coil is 12.56Ω , then the maximum induced current in the coil will be :

- (1) 1.5 A (2) 1 A
(3) 2 A (4) 0.25 A

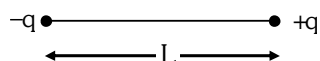
Ans. (2)

Sol. $i_{\max} = \frac{E_{\max}}{R} = \frac{NBA\omega}{R}$

$$i_{\max} = \frac{1000 \times 2 \times 10^{-5} \times \pi (10^2) \times 2}{12.56}$$

$$i_{\max} = 1 \text{ A}$$

- 49.** Two point charges $-q$ and $+q$ are placed at a distance of L , as shown in the figure.



The magnitude of electric field intensity at a distance R ($R \gg L$) varies as :

- (1) $\frac{1}{R^3}$ (2) $\frac{1}{R^4}$
(3) $\frac{1}{R^6}$ (4) $\frac{1}{R^2}$

Ans. (1)

Sol. It is electric dipole at large distance electric field intensity

$$E = \frac{KP}{R^3} \sqrt{1 + 3\cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\therefore E \propto \frac{1}{R^3}$$

- 50.** A nucleus of mass number 189 splits into two nuclei having mass number 125 and 64. The ratio of radius of two daughter nuclei respectively is:

- (1) 4 : 5 (2) 5 : 4
(3) 25 : 16 (4) 1 : 1

Ans. (2)

Sol. Nuclear Radius :

$$R = R_0(A)^{1/3}$$

$$\frac{R(125)}{R(64)} = \frac{R_0(125)^{1/3}}{R_0(64)^{1/3}} = \frac{5}{4}$$

FINAL NEET(UG)-2022 EXAMINATION

(Held On Sunday 17th JULY, 2022)

CHEMISTRY	TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER												
SECTION-A 51. Given below are two statements: Statement I : In the coagulation of a negative sol, the flocculating power of the three given ions is in the order - $Al^{3+} > Ba^{2+} > Na^+$ Statement II : In the coagulation of a positive sol, the flocculating power of the three given salts is in the order - $NaCl > Na_2SO_4 > Na_3PO_4$ In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below: (1) Both statement I and statement II are incorrect. (2) Statement I is correct but statement II is incorrect (3) Statement I is incorrect but statement II is correct. (4) Both statements I and statements II are correct. Ans. (2) Sol. According to Hardy Schulze Rule statement 1 is correct. (Generally, the greater the valence of the flocculating ion added, the greater is its power to cause precipitation) According to Hardy Schulze Rule statement 2 is incorrect 52. Which statement regarding polymers is not correct ? (1) Fibers possess high tensile strength. (2) Thermoplastic polymers are capable of repeatedly softening and hardening on heating and cooling respectively. (3) Thermosetting polymers are reusable. (4) Elastomers have polymer chains held together by weak intermolecular forces. Ans. (3) Sol. Thermosetting polymers are NOT reusable. 53. The incorrect statement regarding chirality is: (1) The product obtained by S_N2 reaction of haloalkane having chirality at the reactive site shows inversion of configuration, (2) Enantiomers are superimposable mirror images of each other. (3) A racemic mixture shows zero optical rotation. (4) S_N1 reaction yields 1 : 1 mixture of both enantiomers.	Ans. (2) Sol. Enantiomers are non-superimposable mirror images of each other. 54. $RMgX + CO_2 \xrightarrow[\text{ether}]{\text{dry}} Y \xrightarrow{H_3O^+} RCOOH$ What is Y in the above reaction : (1) $R_3CO-Mg + X$ (2) $RCOO^-X^+$ (3) $(RCOO)_2Mg$ (4) $RCOO^-Mg^+X$ Ans. (4) Sol. $\begin{array}{c} \overset{-\delta}{\text{R}}\overset{+\delta}{\text{Mg}}\text{X} + \text{O}=\text{C}=\text{O} \rightarrow \text{R}-\overset{\text{O}}{\underset{\text{O}}{\text{C}}}-\overset{+}{\text{Mg}}\overset{-}{\text{O}}\text{X} \text{ (Y)} \\ \downarrow \text{H}_3\text{O}^+ \\ \text{R}-\overset{\text{O}}{\underset{\text{O}}{\text{C}}}-\text{OH} \end{array}$ 55. In one molal solution that contains 0.5 mole of a solute, there is (1) 500 g of solvent (2) 100 mL of solvent (3) 1000 g of solvent (4) 500 mL of solvent Ans. (1) Sol. $m = \frac{\text{Moles of solute}}{\text{Weight of solvent (g)}} \times 1000$ $1 = \frac{0.5}{\text{Weight of solvent (g)}} \times 1000$ Weight of solvent (g) = 500 g 56. Match List-I with List-II <table border="0"> <tr> <td>List- I</td><td>List-II</td></tr> <tr> <td>(Hydrides)</td><td>(Nature)</td></tr> <tr> <td>(a) MgH_2</td><td>(i) Electron precise</td></tr> <tr> <td>(b) GeH_4</td><td>(ii) Electron deficient</td></tr> <tr> <td>(c) B_2H_6</td><td>(iii) Electron rich</td></tr> <tr> <td>(d) HF</td><td>(iv) Ionic</td></tr> </table> Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (a)-(iii), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), (d)- (iv) (2) (a)-(i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), (d)- (iii) (3) (a)-(ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (iv), (d)- (i) (4) (a) -(iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), (d)- (iii) Ans. (4) Sol. Electron deficient hydride $\rightarrow$ Less than $8e^-$ (B_2H_6) Electron precise hydride $\rightarrow$ having $8e^-$ without l.p. (GeH_4) Electron rich hydride $\rightarrow$ having $8e^-$ with l.p. (HF)	List- I	List-II	(Hydrides)	(Nature)	(a) MgH_2	(i) Electron precise	(b) GeH_4	(ii) Electron deficient	(c) B_2H_6	(iii) Electron rich	(d) HF	(iv) Ionic
List- I	List-II												
(Hydrides)	(Nature)												
(a) MgH_2	(i) Electron precise												
(b) GeH_4	(ii) Electron deficient												
(c) B_2H_6	(iii) Electron rich												
(d) HF	(iv) Ionic												

57. Given below are two statements : -

Statement I :

The boiling points of aldehydes and ketones are higher than hydrocarbons of comparable molecular masses because of weak molecular association in aldehydes and ketones due to dipole - dipole interactions.

Statements II :

The boiling points aldehydes and ketones are lower than the alcohols of similar molecular masses due to the absence of H-bonding.

In the light of the statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below :

- (1) Both statements I and statements II are incorrect.
 (2) Statement I is correct but statements II is incorrect
 (3) Statements I is incorrect but statements II is correct.
 (4) Both statements I and statements II are correct.

Ans. (4)

Sol. Boiling point of comparable molecular mass molecules

R - OH > Aldehyde - Ketone > Alkane

H-bonding Dipole-dipole interaction Non-polar
 (strong molecular association) (weak molecular association)

58. Match **List-I** with **List-II**.

List-I

(Products formed)

- (a) Cyanohydrin
 (b) Acetal
 (c) Schiff's base
 (d) Oxime

List-II

(Reaction of carbonyl compound with)

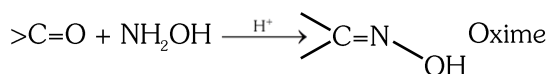
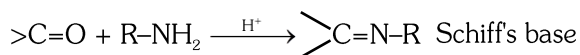
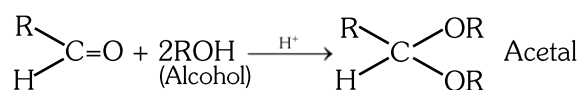
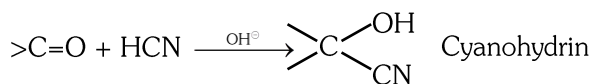
- (i) NH_2OH
 (ii) RNH_2
 (iii) alcohol
 (iv) HCN

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (a)-(ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (iv), (d)- (i)
 (2) (a)-(i), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), (d)- (iv)
 (3) (a)-(iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), (d)- (i)
 (4) (a) -(iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (ii), (d)- (i)

Ans. (3)

Sol.



59. Which one is **not** correct mathematical equation for Dalton's Law of partial pressure ? Here p = total pressure of gaseous mixture

$$(1) p = n_1 \frac{RT}{V} + n_2 \frac{RT}{V} + n_3 \frac{RT}{V}$$

$$(2) p_i = \chi_i p, \text{ where } \begin{array}{l} p_i = \text{partial pressure of} \\ i^{\text{th}} \text{ gas} \\ \chi_i = \text{mole fraction of } i^{\text{th}} \\ \text{gas in gaseous} \\ \text{mixture} \end{array}$$

$$(3) p_i = \chi_i p_i^\circ, \text{ where } \begin{array}{l} \chi_i = \text{mole fraction of } i^{\text{th}} \\ \text{gas in gaseous mixture} \\ p_i^\circ = \text{pressure of } i^{\text{th}} \text{ gas} \\ \text{in pure state} \end{array}$$

$$(4) p = p_1 + p_2 + p_3$$

Ans. (3)

Sol. Dalton's law of partial pressure :

Partial pressure of gas = mole fraction of gas in gaseous mixture $\times$ Total pressure of gaseous mixture.

$$p_1 = X_1 p$$

$$p_2 = X_2 p$$

$$p_3 = X_3 p$$

Total pressure,

$$p = p_1 + p_2 + p_3$$

Therefore, statement-3 is incorrect.

60. Match **List-I** with **List-II**.

	List-I (Drug class)		List-II (Drug molecule)
(a)	Antacids	(i)	Salvarsan
(b)	Antihistamines	(ii)	Morphine
(c)	Analgesics	(iii)	Cimetidine
(d)	Antimicrobials	(iv)	Seldane

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (a)-(iii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)
 (2) (a)-(i), (b)-(iv), (c)-(ii), (d)- (iii)
 (3) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
 (4) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)

Ans. (1)

Sol. Antacid - Cimetidine

Antihistamine - Seldane

Analgesic - Morphine

Antimicrobials - Salvarsan

61. Given below are two statements:

Statement I :

The boiling points of the following hydrides of group 16 elements increases in the order -
 $H_2O < H_2S < H_2Se < H_2Te$.

Statement II:

The boiling points of these hydrides increase with increase in molar mass.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (1)

Sol. Hydrides of group 16th



B.P. $\rightarrow H_2S < H_2Se < H_2Te < H_2O$

62. The IUPAC name of the complex -

$[Ag(H_2O)_2][Ag(CN)_2]$ is:

- (1) diaquasilver(III) dicyanidoargentate(II)
- (2) dicyanidosilver(I) diaquaargentate(I)
- (3) diaquasilver(I) dicyanidoargentate(I)
- (4) dicyanidosilver(II) diaquaargentate(II)

Ans. (3)

Sol. IUPAC

$[Ag(H_2O)_2] [Ag(CN)_2]$

Coordination number = 2,

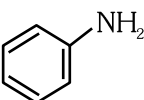
Oxidation state = Ag^{+1}

Diaquasilver(I) dicyanidoargentate(I)

63. Which of the following is suitable to synthesize chlorobenzene ?

(1) Phenol, $NaNO_2$, HCl , $CuCl$

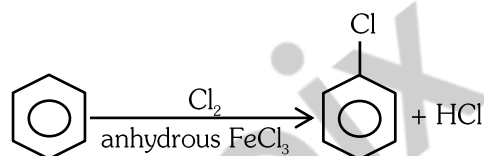
(2)  , HCl

(3)  , HCl , Heating

(4) Benzene, Cl_2 , anhydrous $FeCl_3$

Ans. (4)

Sol.



64. Given below are two statements; one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason(R)**.

Assertion (A) : ICl is more reactive than I_2 .

Reason(R) : $I-Cl$ bond is weaker than $I-I$ bond.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below :

- (1) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct but **(R)** is not the correct explanation of **(A)**.
- (2) **(A)** is correct but **(R)** is not correct.
- (3) **(A)** is not correct but **(R)** is correct.
- (4) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**.

Ans. (4)

Sol. Interhalogen compound group 17th

ICl is more reactive due to polar bonds.

From NCERT - $X-X'$ bond is weaker than $X-X$ bond except F_2

65. The IUPAC name of an element with atomic number 119 is

- (1) unnilennium
- (2) unununnium
- (3) ununoctium
- (4) ununennium

Ans. (4)

Sol. IUPAC nomenclature

119 $\rightarrow$ Ununennium $\rightarrow$ Uue

66. At 298 K, the standard electrode potentials of Cu^{2+}/Cu , Zn^{2+}/Zn , Fe^{2+}/Fe and Ag^{+}/Ag are 0.34V, - 0.76 V, - 0.44 V and 0.80 V, respectively.

On the basis of standard electrode potential, predict which of the following reaction can not occur ?

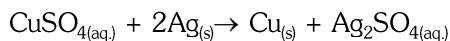
- (1) $\text{CuSO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{Fe}(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{FeSO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{Cu}(\text{s})$
- (2) $\text{FeSO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{Zn}(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{ZnSO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{Fe}(\text{s})$
- (3) $2\text{CuSO}_4(\text{aq}) + 2\text{Ag}(\text{s}) \rightarrow 2\text{Cu}(\text{s}) + \text{Ag}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq})$
- (4) $\text{CuSO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{Zn}(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{ZnSO}_4(\text{aq}) + \text{Cu}(\text{s})$

Ans. (3)

Sol. SRP : $E_{\text{Zn}^{2+}/\text{Zn}}^{\circ} < E_{\text{Fe}^{2+}/\text{Fe}}^{\circ} < E_{\text{Cu}^{2+}/\text{Cu}}^{\circ} < E_{\text{Ag}^{+}/\text{Ag}}^{\circ}$

Reactivity order : $\text{Zn} > \text{Fe} > \text{Cu} > \text{Ag}$

In case of displacement reaction, more reactive metals (lower SRP) can displace less reactive metals (higher SRP) from their salt solution.

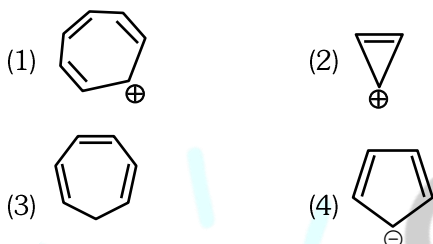


Option (3)

Reaction is not possible

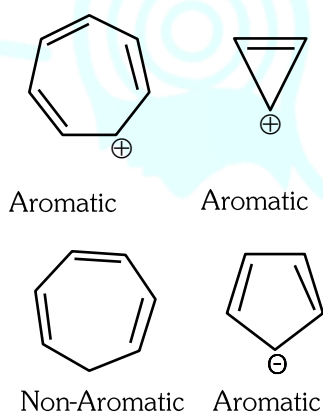
as Ag is less reactive metal compare to Cu.

67. Which compound amongst the following is not an aromatic compound ?



Ans. (3)

Sol.



68. Choose the correct statement :

- (1) Diamond is covalent and graphite is ionic.
- (2) Diamond is sp^3 hybridised and graphite is sp^2 hybridized.
- (3) Both diamond and graphite are used as dry lubricants.
- (4) Diamond and graphite have two dimensional network.

Ans. (2)

Sol. In diamond each carbon is bonded with four other carbon atoms. So hybridisation of carbon atom is sp^3 .

In graphite each carbon is bonded with three other carbon atoms. So hybridisation of carbon atom is sp^2 .

69. Given below are two statements :

Statement I :

Primary aliphatic amines react with HNO_2 to give unstable diazonium salts.

Statement II :

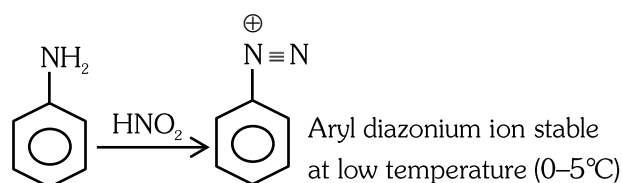
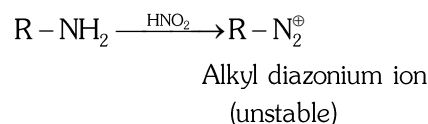
Primary aromatic amines react with HNO_2 to form diazonium salts which are stable even above 300 K.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below :

- (1) Both **Statement-I** and **Statement-II** are incorrect.
- (2) **Statement-I** is correct but **Statement-II** is incorrect.
- (3) **Statement-I** is incorrect but **Statement-II** is correct.
- (4) Both **Statement-I** and **Statement-II** are correct.

Ans. (2)

Sol.



70. Given below are two statements: one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

Assertion (A) :

In a particular point defect, an ionic solid is electrically neutral, even if few of its cations are missing from its unit cells.

Reason (R) :

In an ionic solid, Frenkel defect arises due to dislocation of cation from its lattice site to interstitial site, maintaining overall electrical neutrality.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
 (2) (A) is correct but (R) is not correct
 (3) (A) is not correct but (R) is correct.
 (4) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

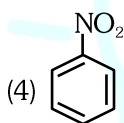
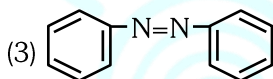
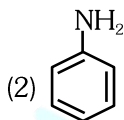
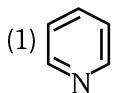
Ans. (1)

Sol. (i) Statement-1 is correct because in point defects of ionic solid electrical neutrality is essential condition (given question is example of metal deficiency defect)

(ii) Statement-2 is correct because In Frenkel defect cation dislocate from lattice site to interstitial position.

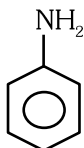
(iii) Both statement are correct but statement-2 is not correct explanation of statement-1

71. The Kjeldahl's method for the estimation of nitrogen can be used to estimate the amount of nitrogen in which one of the following compounds ?



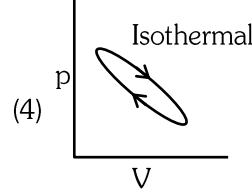
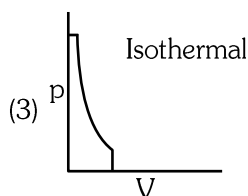
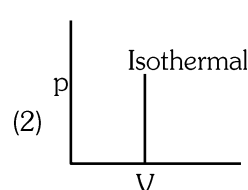
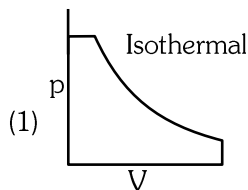
Ans. (2)

Sol.



Kjeldahl's method is not applicable to the compounds containing nitrogen having nitro and azo group and nitrogen present in the ring (pyridine), as nitrogen of these compounds does not change to ammonium sulphate under these conditions.

72. Which of the following p-V curve represents maximum work done ?



Ans. (1)

Sol. In P-V graph area under the curve represent magnitude of work.

As it is maximum in graph-1

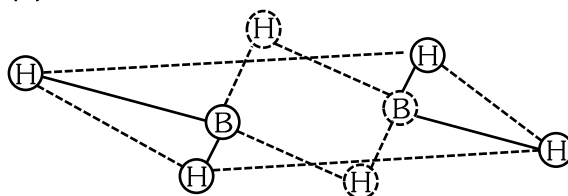
So correct answer is (1)

73. Which of the following statement is **not** correct about diborane ?

- (1) The four terminal B-H bonds are two centre two electron bonds.
 (2) The four terminal Hydrogen atoms and the two Boron atoms lie in one plane.
 (3) Both the Boron atoms are sp^2 hybridised
 (4) There are two 3-centre-2-electron bonds.

Ans. (3)

Sol.



B has sp^3 Hybridisation

Non- planar

74. The pH of the solution containing 50 mL each of 0.10 M sodium acetate and 0.01 M acetic acid is [Given pK_a of $CH_3COOH = 4.57$]

- (1) 3.57 (2) 4.57
 (3) 2.57 (4) 5.57

Ans. (4)

Sol. Weak acid (CH_3COOH) and salt of weak acid-strong base (CH_3COONa) form an acidic buffer.
 Sodium acetate (CH_3COONa) = 0.10 M;
 Acetic acid (CH_3COOH) = 0.01 M;
 pH of acidic buffer solution is given by

$$pH = pK_a + \log \frac{[Salt]}{[Acid]}$$

$$= 4.57 + \log \left(\frac{0.1}{0.01} \right)$$

$$= 5.57$$

- 75.** Which amongst following is **incorrect** statement ?
- (1) C_2 molecule has four electrons in its two degenerate π molecular orbitals.
 - (2) H_2^+ ion has one electron
 - (3) O_2^+ ion has diamagnetic.
 - (4) The bond orders of O_2^+ , O_2 , O_2^- and O_2^{2-} are 2.5, 2, 1.5 and 1, respectively.

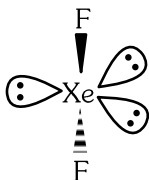
Ans. (3)

Sol. O_2^+ ion is having 15 electrons, so it contains one unpaired electron. Hence it is paramagnetic in nature.

- 76.** Amongst the following which one will have maximum 'lone pair-lone pair' electron repulsions ?
- (1) IF_5
 - (2) SF_4
 - (3) XeF_2
 - (4) ClF_3

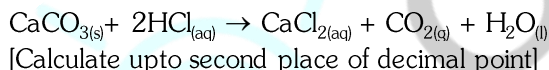
Ans. (3)

Sol. XeF_2



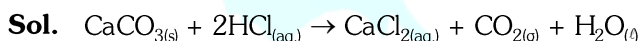
XeF_2 has maximum 3 lone-pair – lone-pair repulsions

- 77.** What mass of 95% pure $CaCO_3$ will be required to neutralise 50 mL of 0.5 M HCl solution according to the following reaction ?



- (1) 1.32 g
- (2) 3.65 g
- (3) 9.50 g
- (4) 1.25 g

Ans. (1)



no. of moles of $CaCO_3$ (pure) = $\frac{1}{2} \times$ mole of HCl

[Mole = molarity $\times$ volume (in ltr.)]

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times \frac{50}{1000} = 0.0125$$

weight of $CaCO_3$ (pure) = mole $\times$ mol. wt
 $= 0.0125 \times 100 = 1.25$ g

$$\% \text{ purity} = \frac{\text{wt. of pure substance}}{\text{wt. of impure sample}} \times 100$$

$$95 = \frac{1.25}{\text{wt. of impure sample}} \times 100$$

$$\text{wt. of impure sample} = \frac{1.25 \times 100}{95} = 1.32 \text{ g}$$

- 78.** Identify the **incorrect** statement from the following

- (1) The oxidation number of K in KO_2 is + 4.
- (2) Ionisation enthalpy of alkali metals decreases from top to bottom in the group.
- (3) Lithium is the strongest reducing agent among the alkali metals.
- (4) Alkali metals react with water to form their hydroxides.

Ans. (1)

Sol. KO_2

$K^+ O_2^-$ (O_2^- – superoxide ion)

- 79.** Gadolinium has a low value of third ionisation enthalpy because of

- (1) high exchange enthalpy
- (2) high electronegativity
- (3) high basic character
- (4) small size

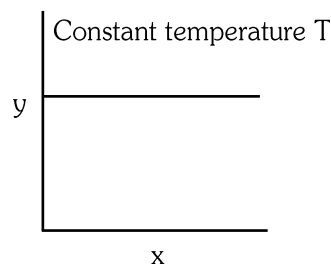
Ans. (1)

Sol. ${}_{64}Gd = [Xe] 6s^2 4f^7 5d^1$

$Gd^{+2} = [Xe] 4f^7 5d^1$

After losing 5d electron 4f has maximum exchange energy so Gd has low value of Third Ionisation energy

- 80.** The given graph is a representation of kinetics of a reaction.

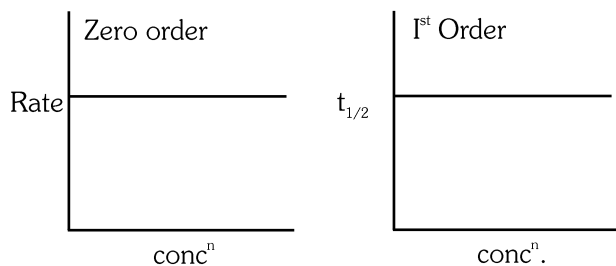


The y and x axes for zero and first order reactions, respectively are

- (1) zero order (y = concentration and x = time), first order (y = rate constant and x = concentration)
- (2) zero order (y = rate and x = concentration), first order ($y = t_{1/2}$ and x = concentration)
- (3) zero order (y = rate and x = concentration), first order (y = rate and $x = t_{1/2}$)
- (4) zero order (y = concentration and x = time), first order ($y = t_{1/2}$ and x = concentration)

Ans. (2)

Sol.



(I) curve is suitable for zero order if $y = \text{rate}$ and $x = \text{concentration}$ because in case of zero order reaction rate is constant and does not depend on conc^n .

(II) curve is suitable for first order if $y = t_{1/2}$ and $x = \text{conc}^n$ because in case of first order $t_{1/2}$ does not depend on conc^n .

81. The incorrect statement regarding enzymes is:

- (1) Like chemical catalysts enzymes reduce the activation energy of bio processes.
- (2) Enzymes are polysaccharides.
- (3) Enzymes are very specific for a particular reaction and substrate.
- (4) Enzymes are biocatalysts.

Ans. (2)

Sol. Which is incorrect statement regarding enzymes

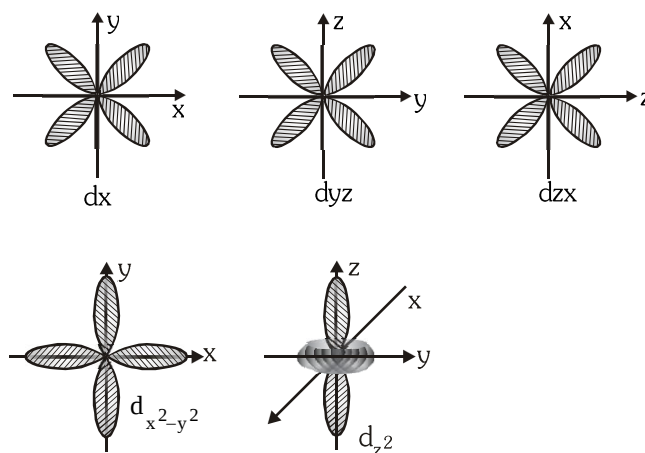
- (1) Like chemical catalysts enzymes reduce the activation energy of bio process $\Rightarrow$ This is correct statement.
- (2) Enzymes are polysaccharides $\Rightarrow$ This is incorrect statement because enzymes are protein in nature
- (3) Enzymes are very specific for a particular reaction and substrate $\Rightarrow$ This is correct statement.
- (4) Enzymes are biocatalyst $\Rightarrow$ This is correct statement.

82. Identify the **incorrect** statement from the following.

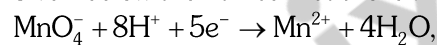
- (1) All the five 4d orbitals have shapes similar to the respective 3d orbitals.
- (2) In an atom, all the five 3d orbitals are equal in energy in free state.
- (3) The shapes of d_{xy} , d_{yz} , and d_{zx} orbitals are similar to each other; and $d_{x^2-y^2}$ and d_{z^2} are similar to each other.
- (4) All the five 5d orbitals are different in size when compared to the respective 4d orbitals

Ans. (3)

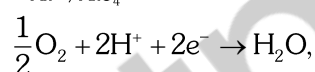
Sol.



83. Given below are half cell reactions :



$$E_{\text{Mn}^{2+}/\text{MnO}_4^-}^\circ = -1.510\text{V}$$



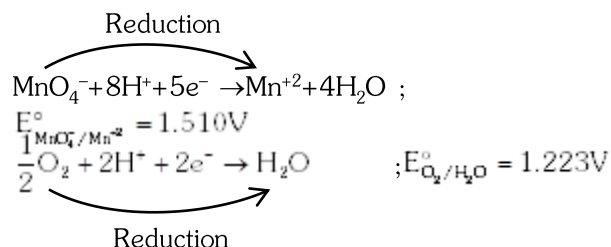
$$E_{\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}}^\circ = +1.223\text{V}$$

Will the permanganate ion, MnO_4^- liberate O_2 from water in the presence of an acid ?

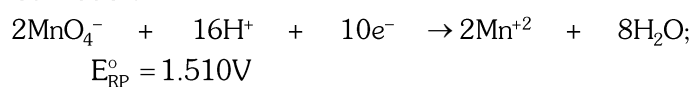
- (1) No, because $E_{\text{cell}}^\circ = -0.287\text{V}$
- (2) Yes, because $E_{\text{cell}}^\circ = +2.733\text{V}$
- (3) No, because $E_{\text{cell}}^\circ = -2.733\text{V}$
- (4) Yes, because $E_{\text{cell}}^\circ = +0.287\text{V}$

Ans. (4)

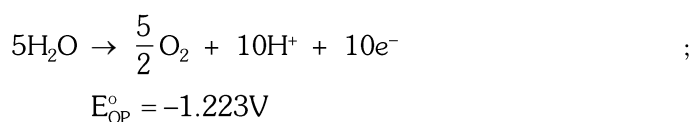
Sol.



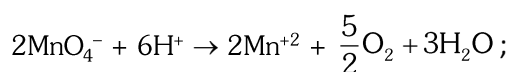
Cathode :



Anode :



Target reaction :



$$E_{\text{cell}}^\circ = (\text{SRP})_{\text{Cathode}} - (\text{SRP})_{\text{Anode}}$$

$$E_{\text{Cell}}^\circ = 1.510\text{V} - 1.223\text{V}$$

$$= 0.287\text{V}$$

Yes the given cell reaction is possible.

84. Match **List-I** with **List-II**.

List-I

List-II

- | | |
|---------|--|
| (a) Li | (i) absorbent for carbon dioxide |
| (b) Na | (ii) electrochemical cells |
| (c) KOH | (iii) coolant in fast breeder reactors |
| (d) Cs | (iv) photoelectric cell |

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below :

- (1) (a)-(iii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)
 (2) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)
 (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iv)
 (4) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(iii), (d)-(ii)

Ans. (3)

Sol. Li - Electrochemical cells

Na - Coolant in fast breeder reactors

KOH - absorbent for CO₂

Cs - Photoelectric cell.

85. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

The acidic strength of monosubstituted nitrophenol is higher than phenol because of electron withdrawing nitro group.

Statement II:

o-nitrophenol, m-nitrophenol and p-nitrophenol will have same acidic strength as they have one nitro group attached to the phenolic ring.

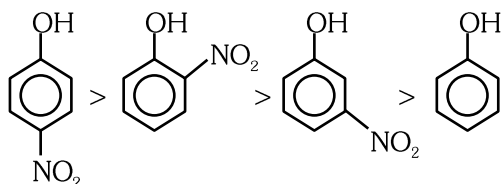
In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect.
 (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect.
 (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
 (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (2)

Sol. Acidic strength of phenolic group increases due to electron withdrawing groups.

Order of acidic strength



SECTION-B

86. The pollution due to oxides of sulphur gets enhanced due to the presence of:

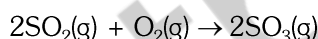
- (a) particulate matter
 (b) ozone
 (c) hydrocarbons
 (d) hydrogen peroxide

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

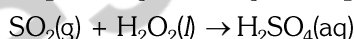
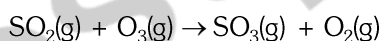
- (1) (a),(b),(d) only
 (2) (b),(c),(d) only
 (3) (a), (c),(d) only
 (4) (a), (d) only

Ans. (1)

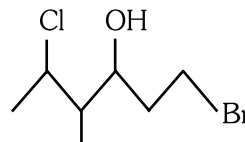
Sol. The presence of particulate matter in polluted air catalyses the oxidation of sulphur dioxide to sulphur trioxide.



The reaction can also be promoted by ozone and hydrogen peroxide.

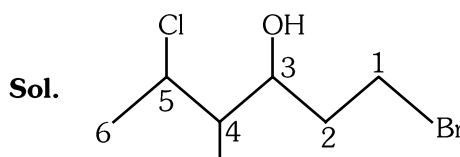


87. The correct IUPAC name of the following compound is :



- (1) 6-bromo-2-chloro-4-methylhexan-4-ol
 (2) 1-bromo-4-methyl-5-chlorohexan-3-ol
 (3) 6-bromo-4-methyl-2-chlorohexan-4-ol
 (4) 1-bromo-5-chloro-4-methylhexan-3-ol

Ans. (4)



Sol.

1-Bromo-5-chloro-4-methylhexan-3-ol

88. $3\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{O}_3(\text{g})$

for the above reaction at 298 K, K_c is found to be 3.0×10^{-59} . If the concentration of O₂ at equilibrium is 0.040 M then concentration of O₃ in M is

- (1) 1.9×10^{-63} (2) 2.4×10^{31}
 (3) 1.2×10^{21} (4) 4.38×10^{-32}

Ans. (4)

Sol. $3\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{O}_3(\text{g})$

$$K_c = \frac{[\text{O}_3]^2}{[\text{O}_2]^3}$$

$$3 \times 10^{-59} = \frac{[\text{O}_3]^2}{(4 \times 10^{-2})^3}$$

$$[\text{O}_3]^2 = 3 \times 10^{-59} \times 64 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$= 19.2 \times 10^{-64}$$

$$= 4.38 \times 10^{-32} \text{ M}$$

89. Match **List-I** with **List-II**.

List-I

(Ores)

- (a) Haematite
- (b) Magnetite
- (c) Calamine
- (d) Kaolinite

List-II

(Composition)

- (i) Fe_3O_4
- (ii) ZnCO_3
- (iii) Fe_2O_3
- (iv) $[\text{Al}_2(\text{OH})_4\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5]$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)
- (2) (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)
- (3) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)
- (4) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)

Ans. (1)

Sol. Haematite Fe_2O_3

Magnetite Fe_3O_4

Calamine ZnCO_3

Kaolinite $[\text{Al}_2(\text{OH})_4\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5]$

90. Given below are two statements :

Statement I:

In Lucas test, primary, secondary and tertiary alcohols are distinguished on the basis of their reactivity with cone. $\text{HCl} + \text{ZnCl}_2$, known as Lucas Reagent.

Statement II:

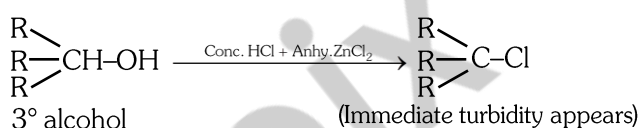
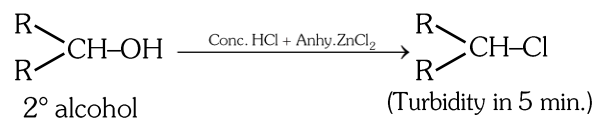
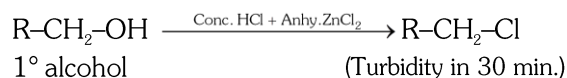
Primary alcohols are most reactive and immediately produce turbidity at room temperature on reaction with Lucas Reagent.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect.
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect.
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (2)

Sol. $1^\circ, 2^\circ, 3^\circ$ Alcohol are distinguished by Lucas test on the basis of the time taken for turbidity to appear



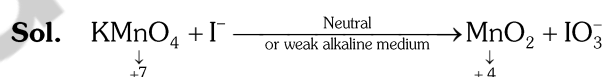
Reactivity of alcohol towards Lucas reagent

$\Rightarrow 3^\circ > 2^\circ > 1^\circ$ Alcohol

91. In the neutral or faintly alkaline medium, KMnO_4 oxidises iodide into iodate. The change in oxidation state of manganese in this reaction is from

- (1) +6 to +4
- (2) +7 to +3
- (3) +6 to +5
- (4) +7 to +4

Ans. (4)



Change +7 to +4

92. For a first order reaction $\text{A} \rightarrow \text{Products}$, initial concentration of A is 0.1 M, which becomes 0.001 M after 5 minutes. Rate constant for the reaction in min^{-1} is

- (1) 0.9212
- (2) 0.4606
- (3) 0.2303
- (4) 1.3818

Ans. (1)

Sol. $\text{A} \rightarrow \text{Products}$

Initial conc. $A_0 = 0.1 \text{ M}$

Conc. After 5 min $A_t = 0.001 \text{ M}$

$t = 5 \text{ min.}$

For first order reaction

$$K = \frac{2.303}{t} \log \left(\frac{A_0}{A_t} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2.303}{5} \log \left(\frac{0.1}{0.001} \right)$$

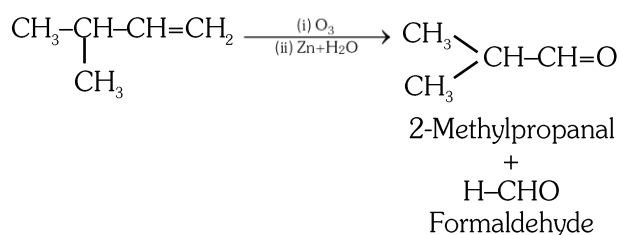
$$K = 0.9212 \text{ min}^{-1}$$

93. Compound X on reaction with O_3 followed by Zn/H_2O gives formaldehyde and 2-methyl propanal as products. The compound X is :

- (1) 2-Methylbut-1-ene
- (2) 2-Methylbut-2-ene
- (3) Pent-2-ene
- (4) 3-Methylbut-1-ene

Ans. (4)

Sol.



94. A 10.0 L flask contains 64 g of oxygen at 27°C . (Assume O_2 gas is behaving ideally). The pressure inside the flask in bar is

(Given $R = 0.0831 \text{ L bar K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$)

- (1) 498.6
- (2) 49.8
- (3) 4.9
- (4) 2.5

Ans. (3)

Sol. $V = 10 \text{ L}$ $W_{O_2} = 64 \text{ g}$

$T = 27^\circ\text{C}$ $n_{O_2} = 2$

$R = 0.0831 \text{ L bar K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

Ideal gas equation $PV = nRT$

$$P = \frac{2 \times 0.0831 \times 300}{10}$$

$P = 4.9 \text{ bar}$

95. The order of energy absorbed which is responsible for the color of complexes

- (A) $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{en})_2]^{2+}$
- (B) $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4(\text{en})]^{2+}$ and
- (C) $[\text{Ni}(\text{en})_3]^{2+}$

- (1) (C) > (B) > (A)
- (2) (C) > (A) > (B)
- (3) (B) > (A) > (C)
- (4) (A) > (B) > (C)

Ans. (2)

Sol. (A) $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{en})_2]^{2+}$

(B) $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4(\text{en})]^{2+}$

(C) $[\text{Ni}(\text{en})_3]^{2+}$

en is SFL (strong field ligand)

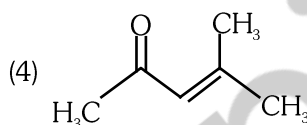
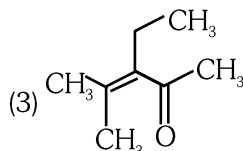
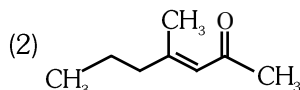
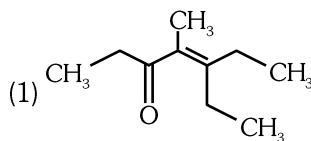
As the number of en (strong ligand) increase splitting also increases.

So, Δ_0 increases.

i.e. maximum energy will be absorbed in case of option C.

So the order is $C > A > B$

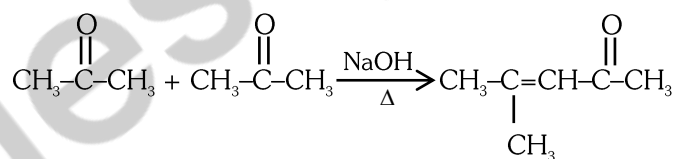
96. Which one of the following is not formed when acetone reacts with 2-pentanone in the presence of dilute NaOH followed by heating ?



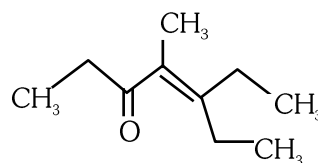
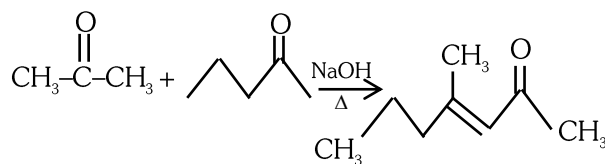
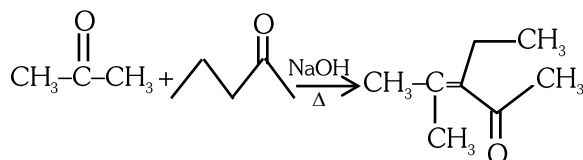
Ans. (1)

Sol.

Self aldol

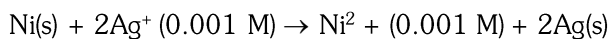


Cross Aldol



will not form

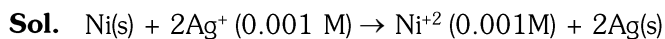
97. Find the emf of the cell in which the following reaction takes place at 298 K



(Given that $E^\circ_{\text{cell}} = 10.5 \text{ V}$, $\frac{2.303RT}{F} = 0.059$ at 298 K)

- (1) 1.385 V
- (2) 0.9615 V
- (3) 1.05 V
- (4) 1.0385 V

Ans. (Bonus)



$$E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} - \frac{0.059}{n} \log \frac{[\text{Ni}^{+2}]^1}{[\text{Ag}^+]^2}$$

$$E_{\text{cell}} = 10.5 - \frac{0.059}{2} \log \frac{10^{-3}}{(10^{-3})^2}$$

$$= 10.5 - \frac{0.059}{2} \log 10^{+3}$$

$$= 10.5 - \frac{0.059}{2} \times 3$$

$$= 10.4115 \text{ V}$$

(Calculated answer is not given in options)

- 98.** If radius of second Bohr orbit of the He^+ ion is 105.8 pm, what is the radius of third Bohr orbit of Li^{2+} ion?

- (1) 15.87 pm
(2) 1.587 pm
(3) 158.7 Å
(4) 158.7 pm

Ans. (4)

Sol. Acc. to Bohr's atomic model

$$r \propto \frac{n^2}{Z} \quad \text{3rd orbit of } \text{Li}^{+2} \quad n_1 = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \text{2nd orbit of } \text{He}^+ \quad n_2 = 2$$

$$Z_1 = 3$$

$$Z_2 = 2$$

$$\frac{(r_3)_{\text{Li}^{+2}}}{(r_2)_{\text{He}^+}} = \frac{n_1^2}{n_2^2} \times \frac{Z_2}{Z_1}$$

$$\frac{(r_3)_{\text{Li}^{+2}}}{105.8 \text{ pm}} = \frac{3 \times 3}{2 \times 2} \times \frac{2}{3}$$

$$(r_3)_{\text{Li}^{+2}} = 158.7 \text{ pm}$$

- 99.** Copper crystallises in fcc unit cell with cell edge length of $3.608 \times 10^{-8} \text{ cm}$. The density of copper is 8.92 g cm^{-3} . Calculate the atomic mass of copper.

- (1) 31.55 u (2) 60 u
(3) 65 u (4) 63.1 u

Ans. (4)

Sol. $d = \frac{Z \times M}{N_A \times a^3}$

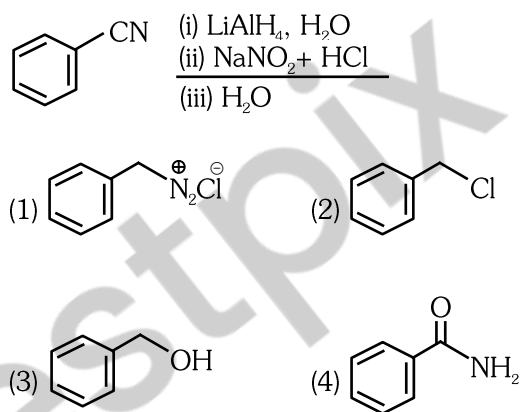
$$8.92 = \frac{4 \times M}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \times (3.608 \times 10^{-8})^3}$$

$$M = \frac{8.92 \times 6.022 \times 10^{23}}{4} \times 46.96 \times 10^{-24}$$

$$M = 63.1 \text{ g/mol (Molar Atomic Mass)}$$

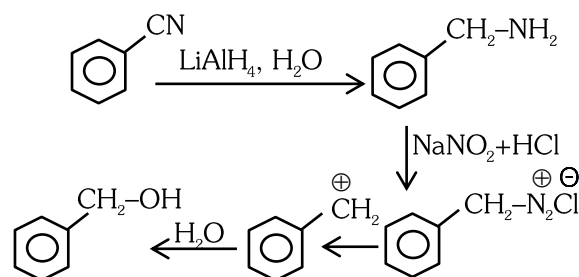
$$M = 63.1 \text{ u (Atomic Mass)}$$

- 100.** The product formed from the following reaction sequence is



Ans. (3)

Sol.



FINAL NEET(UG)–2022 EXAMINATION

(Held On Sunday 17th JULY, 2022)

BIOLOGY	TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER
Section - A (Biology : Botany) 101. Read the following statements about the vascular bundles : (a) In roots, xylem and phloem in a vascular bundle are arranged in an alternate manner along the different radii. (b) Conjoint closed vascular bundles do not possess cambium (c) In open vascular bundles, cambium is present in between xylem and phloem (d) The vascular bundles of dicotyledonous stem possess endarch protoxylem (e) In monocotyledonous root, usually there are more than six xylem bundles present Choose the correct answer from the options given below : (1) (b), (c), (d) and (e) only (2) (a), (b), (c) and (d) only (3) (a), (c), (d) and (e) only (4) (a), (b) and (d) only Ans. (Bonus) 102. Identify the correct set of statements: (a) The leaflets are modified into pointed hard thorns in <i>Citrus</i> and <i>Bougainvillea</i> (b) Axillary buds form slender and spirally coiled tendrils in cucumber and pumpkin (c) Stem is flattened and fleshy in <i>Opuntia</i> and modified to perform the function of leaves (d) <i>Rhizophora</i> shows vertically upward growing roots that help to get oxygen for respiration (e) Subaerially growing stems in grasses and strawberry help in vegetative propagation Choose the correct answer from the options given below: (1) (a) and (d) Only (2) (b), (c), (d) and (e) Only (3) (a), (b), (d) and (e) Only (4) (b) and (c) Only Ans. (2)	103. The appearance of recombination nodules on homologous chromosomes during meiosis characterizes: (1) Bivalent (2) Sites at which crossing over occurs (3) Terminalization (4) Synaptonemal complex Ans. (2) 104. Read the following statements and choose the set of correct statements: (a) Euchromatin is loosely packed chromatin (b) Heterochromatin is transcriptionally active (c) Histone octamer is wrapped by negatively charged DNA in nucleosome (d) Histones are rich in lysine and arginine (e) A typical nucleosome contains 400 bp of DNA helix Choose the correct answer from the options given below: (1) (a), (c), (d) Only (2) (b), (e) Only (3) (a), (c), (e) Only (4) (b), (d), (e) Only Ans. (1) 105. Given below are two statements : Statement I: The primary CO₂ acceptor in C₄ plants is phosphoenolpyruvate and is found in the mesophyll cells. Statement II: Mesophyll cells of C₄ plants lack RuBisCo enzyme. In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below: (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect (2) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect (3) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct Ans. (4)

106. Identify the incorrect statement related to Pollination:

- (1) Pollination by wind is more common amongst abiotic pollination
- (2) Flowers produce foul odours to attract flies and beetles to get pollinated
- (3) Moths and butterflies are the most dominant pollinating agents among insects
- (4) Pollination by water is quite rare in flowering plants

Ans. (3)

107. Which one of the following statement is **not true** regarding gel electrophoresis technique ?

- (1) The separated DNA fragments are stained by using ethidium bromide.
- (2) The presence of chromogenic substrate gives blue coloured DNA bands on the gel.
- (3) Bright orange coloured bands of DNA can be observed in the gel when exposed to UV light.
- (4) The process of extraction of separated DNA strands from gel is called elution.

Ans. (2)

108. Habitat loss and fragmentation, over exploitation, alien species invasion and co-extinction are causes for:

- (1) Competition
- (2) Biodiversity loss
- (3) Natalty
- (4) Population explosion

Ans. (2)

109. Production of Cucumber has increased manifold in recent years. Application of which of the following phytohormones has resulted in this increased yield as the hormone is known to produce female flowers in the plants:

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| (1) Gibberellin | (2) Ethylene |
| (3) Cytokinin | (4) ABA |

Ans. (2)

110. What is the net gain of ATP when each molecule of glucose is converted to two molecules of pyruvic acid ?

- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| (1) Six | (2) Two |
| (3) Eight | (4) Four |

Ans. (2,3)

111. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

Cleistogamous flowers are invariably autogamous

Statement II:

Cleistogamy is disadvantageous as there is no chance for cross pollination.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (4)

112. Hydrocolloid carrageen is obtained from :

- (1) Phaeophyceae and Rhodophyceae
- (2) Rhodophyceae only
- (3) Phaeophyceae only
- (4) Chlorophyceae and Phaeophyceae

Ans. (2)

113. "Girdling Experiment" was performed by Plant Physiologists to identify the plant tissue through which:

- (1) food is transported
- (2) for both water and food transportation
- (3) osmosis is observed
- (4) water is transported

Ans. (1)

114. Which of the following is **incorrectly** matched ?

- (1) *Ulothrix* - Mannitol
- (2) *Porphyra* - Floridian Starch
- (3) *Volvox* - Starch
- (4) *Ectocarpus* - Fucoxanthin

Ans. (1)

115. DNA polymorphism forms the basis of:

- (1) DNA finger printing
- (2) Both genetic mapping and DNA finger printing
- (3) Translation
- (4) Genetic mapping

Ans. (2)

116. Match **List-I** with **List-II**.

List-I	List-II
(a) Manganese	(i) Activates the enzyme catalase
(b) Magnesium	(ii) Required for pollen germination
(c) Boron	(iii) Activates enzymes of respiration
(d) Iron	(iv) Functions in splitting of water during photosynthesis

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), (d) - (i)
- (2) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), (d) - (iii)
- (3) (a) - (iii), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), (d) - (iv)
- (4) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), (d) - (ii)

Ans. (1)

117. The process of translation of mRNA to proteins begins as soon as :

- (1) The larger subunit of ribosome encounters mRNA
- (2) Both the subunits join together to bind with mRNA
- (3) The tRNA is activated and the larger subunit of ribosome encounters mRNA
- (4) The small subunit of ribosome encounters mRNA

Ans. (4)

118. The device which can remove particulate matter present in the exhaust from a thermal power plant is:

- (1) Incinerator
- (2) Electrostatic Precipitator
- (3) Catalytic Converter
- (4) STP

Ans. (2)

119. The flowers are Zygomorphic in:

- (a) Mustard
- (b) Gulmohar
- (c) Cassia
- (d) Datura
- (e) Chilly

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) (b), (c) Only
- (2) (d), (e) Only
- (3) (c), (d), (e) Only
- (4) (a), (b), (c) Only

Ans. (1)

120. Given below are two statements: one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

Assertion (A):

Polymerase chain reaction is used in DNA amplification

Reason (R):

The ampicillin resistant gene is used as a selectable marker to check transformation.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct but **(R)** is not the correct explanation of **(A)**
- (2) **(A)** is correct but **(R)** is not correct
- (3) **(A)** is not correct but **(R)** is correct
- (4) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**

Ans. (1)

121. Which one of the following statements cannot be connected to Predation ?

- (1) It might lead to extinction of a species
- (2) Both the interacting species are negatively impacted
- (3) It is necessitated by nature to maintain the ecological balance
- (4) It helps in maintaining species diversity in a community

Ans. (2)

122. Which one of the following never occurs during mitotic cell division ?

- (1) Movement of centrioles towards opposite poles
- (2) Pairing of homologous chromosomes
- (3) Coiling and condensation of the chromatids
- (4) Spindle fibres attach to kinetochores of chromosomes

Ans. (2)

123. Which of the following is **not** a method of *ex situ* conservation ?

- (1) National Parks
- (2) Micropropagation
- (3) Cryopreservation
- (4) *In vitro* fertilization

Ans. (1)

124. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

Mendel studied seven pairs of contrasting traits in pea plants and proposed the Laws of Inheritance

Statement II:

Seven characters examined by Mendel in his experiment on pea plants were seed shape and colour, flower colour, pod shape and colour, flower position and stem height

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (4)

125. Which one of the following plants does **not** show plasticity ?

- (1) Coriander
- (2) Buttercup
- (3) Maize
- (4) Cotton

Ans. (3)

126. What amount of energy is released from glucose during lactic acid fermentation?

- (1) More than 18%
- (2) About 10%
- (3) Less than 7%
- (4) Approximately 15%

Ans. (3)

127. The gaseous plant growth regulator is used in plants to :

- (1) promote root growth and root hair formation to increase the absorption surface
- (2) help overcome apical dominance
- (3) kill dicotyledonous weeds in the fields
- (4) speed up the malting process

Ans. (1)

128. Which of the following is **not** observed during apoplastic pathway ?

- (1) The movement does not involve crossing of cell membrane
- (2) The movement is aided by cytoplasmic streaming
- (3) Apoplastic is continuous and does not provide any barrier to water movement
- (4) Movement of water occurs through intercellular spaces and wall of the cells.

Ans. (2)

129. Which one of the following is **not true** regarding the release of energy during ATP synthesis through chemiosmosis? It involves :

- (1) Breakdown of electron gradient
- (2) Movement of protons across the membrane to the stroma
- (3) Reduction of NADP to NADPH₂ on the stroma side of the membrane
- (4) Breakdown of proton gradient

Ans. (1)

130. Which one of the following plants shows vexillary aestivation and diadelphous stamens ?

- (1) *Pisum sativum*
- (2) *Allium cepa*
- (3) *Solanum nigrum*
- (4) *Colchicum autumnale*

Ans. (1)

131. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

Decomposition is a process in which the detritus is degraded into simpler substances by microbes.

Statement II:

Decomposition is faster if the detritus is rich in lignin and chitin

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (2)

132. Which one of the following produces nitrogen fixing nodules on the roots of *Alnus* ?

- (1) *Frankia*
- (2) *Rhodospirillum*
- (3) *Beijernickia*
- (4) *Rhizobium*

Ans. (1)

133. Exoskeleton of arthropods is composed of:

- (1) Cellulose
- (2) Chitin
- (3) Glucosamine
- (4) Cutin

Ans. (2)

134. XO type of sex determination can be found in:

- (1) Birds
- (2) Grasshoppers
- (3) Monkeys
- (4) *Drosophila*

Ans. (2)

135. In old trees the greater part of secondary xylem is dark brown and resistant to insect attack due to:

- (a) secretion of secondary metabolites and their deposition in the lumen of vessels.
- (b) deposition of organic compounds like tannins and resins in the central layers of stem.
- (c) deposition of suberin and aromatic substances in the outer layer of stem.
- (d) deposition of tannins, gum, resin and aromatic substances in the peripheral layers of stem.
- (e) presence of parenchyma cells, functionally active xylem elements and essential oils.

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) (c) and (d) Only
- (2) (d) and (e) Only
- (3) (b) and (d) Only
- (4) (a) and (b) Only

Ans. (4)

Section-B (Biology : Botany)

136. Match **List-I** with **List-II**.

List-I	List-II
(a) Metacentric chromosome	(i) Centromere situated close to the end forming one extremely short and one very long arms
(b) Acrocentric chromosome	(ii) Centromere at the terminal end
(c) Sub-metacentric	(iii) Centromere in the middle forming two equal arms of chromosomes
(d) Telocentric chromosome	(iv) Centromere slightly away from the middle forming one shorter arm and one longer arm

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)
- (2) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (3) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)
- (4) (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)

Ans. (4)

137. The entire fleet of buses in Delhi were converted to CNG from diesel. In reference to this, which one of the following statements is **false** ?

- (1) The same diesel engine is used in CNG buses making the cost of conversion low
- (2) It is cheaper than diesel
- (3) It can not be adulterated like diesel
- (4) CNG burns more efficiently than diesel

Ans. (1)

138. Read the following statements on lipids and find out **correct** set of statements:

- (a) Lecithin found in the plasma membrane is a glycolipid
- (b) Saturated fatty acids possess one or more $C = C$ bonds
- (c) Gingly oil has lower melting point, hence remains as oil in winter
- (d) Lipids are generally insoluble in water but soluble in some organic solvents
- (e) When fatty acid is esterified with glycerol, monoglycerides are formed

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) (a), (d) and (e) only
- (2) (c), (d) and (e) only
- (3) (a), (b) and (d) only
- (4) (a), (b) and (c) only

Ans. (2)

139. The anatomy of springwood shows some peculiar features. Identify the **correct** set of statements about springwood.

- (a) It is also called as the earlywood
- (b) In spring season cambium produces xylem elements with narrow vessels
- (c) It is lighter in colour
- (d) The springwood along with autumnwood shows alternate concentric rings forming annual rings
- (e) It has lower density

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) (a),(c),(d) and (e) Only
- (2) (a), (b) and (d) Only
- (3) (c), (d) and (e) Only
- (4) (a),(b),(d) and (e) Only

Ans. (1)

140. Transposons can be used during which one of the following ?

- (1) Gene silencing
- (2) Autoradiography
- (3) Gene sequencing
- (4) Polymerase Chain Reaction

Ans. (1)

141. Given below are two statements: one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

Assertion (A):

Mendel's law of Independent assortment does not hold good for the genes that are located closely on the same chromosome.

Reason (R):

Closely located genes assort independently.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct but **(R)** is not the correct explanation of **(A)**
- (2) **(A)** is correct but **(R)** is not correct
- (3) **(A)** is not correct but **(R)** is correct
- (4) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**

Ans. (2)

142. In the following palindromic base sequences of DNA, which one can be cut easily by particular restriction enzyme ?

- (1) 5' G A A T T C 3'; 3' C T T A A G 5'
- (2) 5' C T C A G T 3'; 3' G A G T C A 5'
- (3) 5' G T A T T C 3'; 3' C A T A A G 5'
- (4) 5' G A T A C T 3'; 3' C T A T G A 5'

Ans. (1)

143. Which one of the following will accelerate phosphorus cycle ?

- (1) Volcanic activity
- (2) Weathering of rocks
- (3) Rain fall and storms
- (4) Burning of fossil fuels

Ans. (2)

144. Match the plant with the kind of life cycle it exhibits:

List-I	List-II
(a) <i>Spirogyra</i>	(i) Dominant diploid sporophyte vascular plant, with highly reduced male or female gametophyte
(b) Fern	(ii) Dominant haploid free-living gametophyte
(c) <i>Funaria</i>	(iii) Dominant diploid sporophyte alternating with reduced gametophyte called prothallus
(d) <i>Cycas</i>	(iv) Dominant haploid leafy gametophyte alternating with partially dependent multicellular sporophyte

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
- (2) (a)-(iii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
- (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(i), (d)-(iii)
- (4) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iii)

Ans. (1)

145. While explaining interspecific interaction of population, (+) sign is assigned for beneficial interaction, (–) sign is assigned for detrimental interaction and (0) for neutral interaction. Which of the following interactions can be assigned (+) for one species and (–) for another species involved in the interaction ?

- (1) Amensalism
- (2) Commensalism
- (3) Competition
- (4) Predation

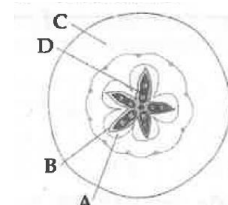
Ans. (4)

146. Addition of more solutes in a given solution will :

- (1) lower its water potential
- (2) make its water potential zero
- (3) not affect the water potential at all
- (4) raise its water potential

Ans. (1)

147. Which part of the fruit, labelled in the given figure makes it a false fruit ?



- (1) B → Endocarp
- (2) C → Thalamus
- (3) D → Seed
- (4) A → Mesocarp

Ans. (2)

148. Which of the following occurs due to the presence of autosomal linked dominant trait ?

- (1) Myotonic dystrophy
- (2) Haemophilia
- (3) Thalassemia
- (4) Sickle cell anaemia

Ans. (1)

149. If a geneticist uses the blind approach for sequencing the whole genome of an organism, followed by assignment of function to different segments, the methodology adopted by him is called as:

- (1) Gene mapping
- (2) Expressed sequence tags
- (3) Bioinformatics
- (4) Sequence annotation

Ans. (4)

150. What is the role of large bundle sheath cells found around the vascular bundles in C_4 plants ?

- (1) To increase the number of chloroplast for the operation of Calvin cycle
- (2) To enable the plant to tolerate high temperature
- (3) To protect the vascular tissue from high light intensity
- (4) To provide the site for photorespiratory pathway

Ans. (1)

FINAL NEET(UG)–2022 EXAMINATION

(Held On Sunday 17th JULY, 2022)

BIOLOGY	TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER
Section - A (Biology : Zoology) 151. Nitrogenous waste is excreted in the form of pellet or paste by : (1) <i>Salamandra</i> (2) <i>Hippocampus</i> (3) <i>Pavo</i> (4) <i>Ornithorhynchus</i> Ans. (3) 152. Select the incorrect statement with reference to mitosis: (1) Spindle fibres attach to centromere of chromosomes. (2) Chromosomes decondense at telophase. (3) Splitting of centromere occurs at anaphase. (4) All the chromosomes lie at the equator at metaphase. Ans. (1) 153. Given below are two statements: one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R). Assertion (A): Osteoporosis is characterised by decreased bone mass and increased chances of fractures. Reason (R): Common cause of osteoporosis is increased levels of estrogen. In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below: (1) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A) (2) (A) is correct but (R) is not correct (3) (A) is not correct but (R) is correct (4) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A) Ans. (2) 154. Under normal physiological conditions in human being every 100 ml of oxygenated blood can deliver _____ml of O₂ to the tissues. (1) 5ml (2) 4 ml (3) 10 ml (4) 2 ml Ans. (1)	155. A dehydration reaction links two glucose molecules to produce maltose. If the formula for glucose is C₆H₁₂O₆ then what is the formula for maltose ? (1) C₁₂H₂₄O₁₂ (2) C₁₂H₂₂O₁₁ (3) C₁₂H₂₄O₁₁ (4) C₁₂H₂₀O₁₀ Ans. (2) 156. In which of the following animals, digestive tract has additional chambers like crop and gizzard ? (1) <i>Bufo</i>, <i>Balaenoptera</i>, <i>Bangarus</i> (2) <i>Catla</i>, <i>Columba</i>, <i>Crocodylus</i> (3) <i>Pavo</i>, <i>Psittacula</i>, <i>Corvus</i> (4) <i>Corvus</i>, <i>Columba</i>, <i>Chameleon</i> Ans. (3) 157. Given below are two statements: Statement I: The release of sperms into the seminiferous tubules is called spermiation. Statement II: Spermiogenesis is the process of formation of sperms from spermatogonia. In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below: (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect (2) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect (3) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct (4) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct Ans. (2) 158. Natural selection where more individuals acquire specific character value other than the mean character value, leads to: (1) Directional change (2) Disruptive change (3) Random change (4) Stabilising change Ans. (1)

159. Which of the following statements with respect to Endoplasmic Reticulum is **incorrect**?

- (1) SER is devoid of ribosomes
- (2) In prokaryotes only RER are present
- (3) SER are the sites for lipid synthesis
- (4) RER has ribosomes attached to ER

Ans. (2)

160. Which of the following is present between the adjacent bones of the vertebral column?

- (1) Cartilage
- (2) Areolar tissue
- (3) Smooth muscle
- (4) Intercalated discs

Ans. (1)

161. Which of the following functions is **not** performed by secretions from salivary glands?

- (1) Digestion of complex carbohydrates
- (2) Lubrication of oral cavity
- (3) Digestion of disaccharides
- (4) Control bacterial population in mouth

Ans. (3)

162. In an *E.coli* strain *i* gene gets mutated and its product can not bind the inducer molecule. If growth medium is provided with lactose, what will be the outcome?

- (1) *z*, *y*, *a* genes will be transcribed
- (2) *z*, *y*, *a* genes will not be translated
- (3) RNA polymerase will bind the promoter region
- (4) Only *z* gene will get transcribed

Ans. (2)

163. Identify the asexual reproductive structure associated with *Penicillium*:

- (1) Conidia
- (2) Gemmules
- (3) Buds
- (4) Zoospores

Ans. (1)

164. If the length of a DNA molecule is 1.1 metres, what will be the approximate number of base pairs ?

- (1) 6.6×10^9 bp
- (2) 3.3×10^6 bp
- (3) 6.6×10^6 bp
- (4) 3.3×10^9 bp

Ans. (4)

165. Which of the following is **not** a connective tissue?

- (1) Adipose tissue
- (2) Cartilage
- (3) Neuroglia
- (4) Blood

Ans. (3)

166. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

Restriction endonucleases recognise specific sequence to cut DNA known as palindromic nucleotide sequence.

Statement II:

Restriction endonucleases cut the DNA strand a little away from the centre of the palindromic site.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (4)

167. Detritivores breakdown detritus into smaller particles. This process is called :

- (1) Fragmentation
- (2) Humification
- (3) Decomposition
- (4) Catabolism

Ans. (1)

168. Which of the following statements are true for spermatogenesis but **do not** hold true for Oogenesis?

- (a) It results in the formation of haploid gametes
- (b) Differentiation of gamete occurs after the completion of meiosis
- (c) Meiosis occurs continuously in a mitotically dividing stem cell population
- (d) It is controlled by the Luteinising hormone (LH) and Follicle Stimulating Hormone (FSH) secreted by the anterior pituitary
- (e) It is initiated at puberty

Choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) (b) and (c) only
- (2) (b), (d) and (e) only
- (3) (b), (c) and (e) only
- (4) (c) and (e) only

Ans. (3)

169. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

Fatty acids and glycerols cannot be absorbed into the blood.

Statement II:

Specialized lymphatic capillaries called lacteals carry chylomicrons into lymphatic vessels and ultimately into the blood.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (4)

170. If '8' *Drosophila* in a laboratory population of '80' died during a week, the death rate in the population is _____ individuals per *Drosophila* per week.

- (1) 10
- (2) 1.0
- (3) zero
- (4) 0.1

Ans. (4)

171. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

The coagulum is formed of network of threads called thrombins.

Statement II:

Spleen is the graveyard of erythrocytes.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (3)

172. Tegmina in cockroach, arises from:

- (1) Mesothorax
- (2) Metathorax
- (3) Prothorax and Mesothorax
- (4) Prothorax

Ans. (1)

173. In the taxonomic categories which hierarchical arrangement in ascending order is **correct** in case of animals ?

- (1) Kingdom, Class, Phylum, Family, Order, Genus, Species
- (2) Kingdom, Order, Class, Phylum, Family, Genus, Species
- (3) Kingdom, Order, Phylum, Class, Family, Genus, Species
- (4) Kingdom, Phylum, Class, Order, Family, Genus, Species

Ans. (4)

* Provided options are in descending order, not in ascending order.

174. Identify the microorganism which is responsible for the production of an immunosuppressive molecule cyclosporin A:

- (1) *Clostridium butylicum*
- (2) *Aspergillus niger*
- (3) *Streptococcus cerevisiae*
- (4) *Trichoderma polysporum*

Ans. (4)

175. Which of the following is **not** the function of conducting part of respiratory system ?

- (1) Inhaled air is humidified
- (2) Temperature of inhaled air is brought to body temperature
- (3) Provides surface for diffusion of O₂ and CO₂
- (4) It clears inhaled air from foreign particles

Ans. (3)

176. Lippe's loop is a type of contraceptive used as :

- (1) Vault barrier
- (2) Non-Medicated IUD
- (3) Copper releasing IUD
- (4) Cervical barrier

Ans. (2)

177. Given below are two statements : one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

Assertion (A) :

All vertebrates are chordates but all chordates are not vertebrates.

Reason (R) :

Notochord is replaced by vertebral column in the adult vertebrates.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below :

- (1) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct but **(R)** is **not** the correct explanation of **(A)**
- (2) **(A)** is correct but **(R)** is not correct
- (3) **(A)** is not correct but **(R)** is correct
- (4) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**

Ans. (4)

178. Given below are two statements :

Statement I:

Mycoplasma can pass through less than 1 micron filter size.

Statement II:

Mycoplasma are bacteria with cell wall

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (2)

179. Regarding Meiosis, which of the statements is **incorrect** ?

- (1) DNA replication occurs in S phase of Meiosis-II
- (2) Pairing of homologous chromosomes and recombination occurs in Meiosis-I
- (3) Four haploid cells are formed at the end of Meiosis-II
- (4) There are two stages in Meiosis, Meiosis-I and II

Ans. (1)

180. *In-situ* conservation refers to:

- (1) Conserve only high risk species
- (2) Conserve only endangered species
- (3) Conserve only extinct species
- (4) Protect and conserve the whole ecosystem

Ans. (4)

181. At which stage of life the oogenesis process is initiated ?

- (1) Embryonic development stage
- (2) Birth
- (3) Adult
- (4) Puberty

Ans. (1)

182. Which of the following is a **correct** match for disease and its symptoms ?

- (1) Tetany - high Ca^{2+} level causing rapid spasms.
- (2) Myasthenia gravis - Genetic disorder resulting in weakening and paralysis of skeletal muscle
- (3) Muscular dystrophy - An auto immune disorder causing progressive degeneration of skeletal muscle
- (4) Arthritis - Inflamed joints

Ans. (4)

183. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

Autoimmune disorder is a condition where body defense mechanism recognizes its own cells as foreign bodies.

Statement II:

Rheumatoid arthritis is a condition where body does not attack self cells.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (2)

184. In gene therapy of Adenosine Deaminase (ADA) deficiency, the patient requires periodic infusion of genetically engineered lymphocytes because:

- (1) Gene isolated from marrow cells producing ADA is introduced into cells at embryonic stages
- (2) Lymphocytes from patient's blood are grown in culture, outside the body.
- (3) Genetically engineered lymphocytes are not immortal cells.
- (4) Retroviral vector is introduced into these lymphocytes.

Ans. (3)

185. Breeding crops with higher levels of vitamins and minerals or higher proteins and healthier fats is called:

- (1) Bio-remediation (2) Bio-fortification
- (3) Bio-accumulation (4) Bio-magnification

Ans. (2)

Section - B (Biology : Zoology)

186. Which one of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) The tricuspid and the bicuspid valves open due to the pressure exerted by the simultaneous contraction of the atria
- (2) Blood moves freely from atrium to the ventricle during joint diastole.
- (3) Increased ventricular pressure causes closing of the semilunar valves.
- (4) The atrio-ventricular node (AVN) generates an action potential to stimulate atrial contraction

Ans. (2)

187. Select the **incorrect** statement regarding synapses:

- (1) Electrical current can flow directly from one neuron into the other across the electrical synapse.
- (2) Chemical synapses use neurotransmitters
- (3) Impulse transmission across a chemical synapse is always faster than that across an electrical synapse.
- (4) The membranes of presynaptic and postsynaptic neurons are in close proximity in an electrical synapse.

Ans. (3)

188. Select the **incorrect** statement with respect to acquired immunity.

- (1) Anamnestic response is elicited on subsequent encounters with the same pathogen.
- (2) Anamnestic response is due to memory of first encounter.
- (3) Acquired immunity is non-specific type of defense present at the time of birth.
- (4) Primary response is produced when our body encounters a pathogen for the first time.

Ans. (3)

189. Match **List -I** with **List -II**.

List-I (Biological Molecules)	List-II (Biological functions)
(a) Glycogen	(i) Hormone
(b) Globulin	(ii) Biocatalyst
(c) Steroids	(iii) Antibody
(d) Thrombin	(iv) Storage product

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) (a)-(iv), (b)-(ii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iii)
- (2) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(iii), (d)-(i)
- (3) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
- (4) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)

Ans. (3)

190. Match **List -I** with **List -II** with respect to methods of Contraception and their respective actions.

List-I	List-II
(a) Diaphragms	(i) Inhibit ovulation and Implantation
(b) Contraceptive Pills	(ii) Increase phagocytosis of sperm within Uterus
(c) Intra uterine Devices	(iii) Absence of Menstrual cycle and ovulation following parturition
(d) Lactational Amenorrhea	(iv) They cover the cervix blocking the entry of sperms

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

- (1) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iii)
- (2) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(i), (d)-(iii)
- (3) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iv)
- (4) (a)-(iv), (b)-(i), (c)-(iii), (d)-(ii)

Ans. (1)

191. Ten *E.coli* cells with ^{15}N - dsDNA are incubated in medium containing ^{14}N nucleotide. After 60 minutes, how many *E.coli* cells will have DNA totally free from ^{15}N ?

- (1) 40 cells
- (2) 60 cells
- (3) 80 cells
- (4) 20 cells

Ans. (2)

192. The recombination frequency between the genes a & c is 5%, b & c is 15%, b & d is 9%, a & b is 20%, c & d is 24% and a & d is 29%. What will be the sequence of these genes on a linear chromosome ?

- (1) d, b, a, c
- (2) a, b, c, d
- (3) a, c, b, d
- (4) a, d, b, c

Ans. (3)

193. Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

In a scrubber the exhaust from the thermal plant is passed through the electric wires to charge the dust particles.

Statement II:

Particulate matter (PM 2.5) can not be removed by scrubber but can be removed by an electrostatic precipitator.

In the light of the above statements, choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are incorrect
- (2) **Statement I** is correct but **Statement II** is incorrect
- (3) **Statement I** is incorrect but **Statement II** is correct
- (4) Both **Statement I** and **Statement II** are correct

Ans. (1)

194. Statements related to human Insulin are given below.

Which statement(s) is/ are **correct** about genetically engineered Insulin ?

- (a) Pro-hormone insulin contain extra stretch of C-peptide
- (b) A-peptide and B-peptide chains of insulin were produced separately in *E.coli*, extracted and combined by creating disulphide bond between them.
- (c) Insulin used for treating Diabetes was extracted from Cattles and Pigs.
- (d) Pro-hormone Insulin needs to be processed for converting into a mature and functional hormone.
- (e) Some patients develop allergic reactions to the foreign insulin.

Choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

- (1) (b)only
- (2) (c) and (d) only
- (3) (c), (d) and (e) only
- (4) (a), (b) and (d) only

Ans. (1)

195. Which of the following statements is **not** true ?

- (1) Sweet potato and potato is an example of analogy
- (2) Homology indicates common ancestry
- (3) Flippers of penguins and dolphins are a pair of homologous organs
- (4) Analogous structures are a result of convergent evolution

Ans. (3)

196. Which of the following is **not** a desirable feature of a cloning vector ?

- (1) Presence of a marker gene
- (2) Presence of single restriction enzyme site
- (3) Presence of two or more recognition sites
- (4) Presence of origin of replication

Ans. (3)

197. Match List -I with List - II.

List-I

(a) Bronchioles

(b) Goblet cell

(c) Tendons

(d) Adipose Tissue

List-II

(i) Dense Regular

Connective Tissue

(ii) Loose Connective
Tissue

(iii) Glandular Tissue

(iv) Ciliated Epithelium

Choose the **correct answer** from the options given below:

(1) (a)-(i), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)

(2) (a)-(ii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(iii)

(3) (a)-(iii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)

(4) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)

Ans. (4)

198. Which of the following is a **correct statement ?**

(1) Bacteria are exclusively heterotrophic organisms.

(2) Slime moulds are saprophytic organisms classified under Kingdom Monera.

(3) Mycoplasma have DNA, Ribosome and cell wall

(4) Cyanobacteria are a group of autotrophic organisms classified under Kingdom Monera.

Ans. (4)

199. Which of the following are not the effects of Parathyroid hormone ?

(a) Stimulates the process of bone resorption

(b) Decreases Ca^{2+} level in blood

(c) Reabsorption of Ca^{2+} by renal tubules

(d) Decreases the absorption of Ca^{2+} from digested food

(e) Increases metabolism of carbohydrates

Choose the **most appropriate** answer from the options given below:

(1) (b), (d) and (e) only (2) (a) and (e) only

(3) (b) and (c) only (4) (a) and (c) only

Ans. (1)

200. If a colour blind female marries a man whose mother was also colour blind, what are the chances of her progeny having colour blindness ?

(1) 50% (2) 75%

(3) 100% (4) 25%

Ans. (3)